

BANGALORE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY LAW COLLEGE

Jnana Bharathi Campus, Bangalore University, Bengaluru - 560 056

Syllabus Governing Integrated 5 Year B.A., LL.B Honours Degree Course

Revised as per September 2024



B.A., LL.B (HONOURS) COURSE

Programme Outcomes of 5 year B.A. LL.B (Hons) Programme.

- 1. After competition of the course the candidate will be eligible to enrol themselves as advocates.
- 2. They will gain a comprehensive understanding of the Indian legal system.
- 3. The program is equipped for candidate to pursue advanced post graduate studies in law.
- 4. Candidate will be prepared to serve as legal advisors for companies, law firms, and government offices.
- 5. The Candidate will also be eligible to appear for judicial service examinations.

SEMESTER I

PAPER 1 : KANNADA KALI (Pˣ˧qÀ PÀ°) (OPTIONAL)

Course Objectives

- To make students learn communication skills.
- To enhance the student's vocabulary.
- To enhance the writing skills.

PÀ£ÀBqÉÃvÀgÀÀ «zÁåyðUÀ½UÁV Non-Kannada Students gÀa,À¯ÁzÀ ¥ÀoÀåPÀæ³ÀÄ 2024-25

GzÉÝñÀUÀ¼ÀÄ:

'Pˣ˧qÀ PÀ°' JA§ F "sÁµÁ ¥ÀoÀå"À£ÀÄß PÁ£ÀÆ£ÀÄ, vÁAwæPÀ "ÀÄvÀÄÛ "ÉÊzÀåQÃAiÀÄ

¥ÀzÀ« ²PÀët vÀgÀUÀwUÀ¼À°è C"sÁå,À "ÀiÁqÀÄwÛgÀÄ"À PÀ£ÀßqÉÃvÀgÀ «zÁåyðUÀ½UÁV
gÀƦ,À¯ÁVzÉ. °ÉÆgÀ gÁdåUÀ½AzÀ £À"ÀÄä gÁdåPÉÌ ±ÉÊPÀëtÂPÀ "Áå,ÀAUÀzÀ GzÉÝñÀPÁÌV
§gÀÄ"À PÀ£ÀßqÉÃvÀgÀ «zÁåyðUÀ½UÁV PÀ£ÀßqÀ "sÁµÉAiÀÄ£ÀÄß PÀ£ÁðIPÀ gÁdå PÁ£ÀÆ£ÀÄ

DZˎ«zÁå®AiÀÄzÀ "Áå¦ÛUÉ M¼À¥ÀqÀÄ"ÀAvÀ°À PÁ£ÀÆ£ÀÄ «±Àé«zÁå®AiÀÄ °ÁUÀÆ
PÁ¯ÉÃdÄUÀ¼À°è PÀ£ÀßqÀ "sÁµÉAiÀÄ£ÀÄß PÀqÁØAiÀÄÄAV PÀ°IPÉÆqÀÄ"À GzÉÝñÀ¢AzÀ

¥ÀoÀåPÀæ³ÀÄzÀ°è '**Pˣ˧qÀ PÀ°'** JA§ ¥ÀÄ,ÀÛPÀ"À£ÀÄß ¤UÀ¢¥Àr,À¯ÁVzÉ.

PÀ£ÀβqÉÃvÀgÀ «zÁåyðUÀ¼À CzsÀåAiÀÄ£ÀPÉÌAzÀÄ gÀa¸À¯ÁVgÀĪÀ 'PÀ£ÀβqÀ PÀ°'

¥ÀoÀåªÀ£ÀÄβ F PÉëÃvÀæzÀ°è vÀdÕgÁzÀ qÁ. °AUÀzÉêÀgÀÄ °À¼ÉªÀÄ£É CªÀgÀÄ «±ÉÃμÀ

¥Àj±ÀæªÀÄ¢AzÀ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ F PÉëÃvÀæzÀ vÀªÀÄä ¸ÀÄ¢ÃWÀð C£ÀĨsÀªÀ¢AzÀ vÀÄA§ D¸ÀQÛ ªÀ»¹
gÀa¹PÉÆnÖzÁÝgÉ.

Part I: STRUCTURE (PA£AβqA "sAμΕΑiA ,AAgAZA£EAiA£AÂβ w½,ĀĀVzĒ.)
WÀIPÀ 1 (Unit 1)
Lesson 1 to Lesson 5
WÀIPÀ 2 (Unit 2)
Lesson 6 to Lesson 10
WÀIPÀ 3 (Unit 3)
Lesson 11 to Lesson 15
WÀlPÀ 4 (Unit 4)
Lesson 16 to 20
WÀIPÀ 5 (Unit 5)

Part II : Kannada Script (PÉüÀĪÀ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ PÀ°AiÀÄĪÀ P˱À®UÀ¼À£ÀÄß C©üªÀÈ¢Þ¥Àr,ÀĪÀ UÀÄjAiÀÄ£ÀÄß °ÉÆA¢zÉ.)

¥ÀĸÀÛPÀ: **Pˣ˧qÀ PÀ°**

_ÉÃRPÀgÀÄ: °AUÀzÉêÀgÀÄ °À¼ÉªÀÄ£É (PÀ£ÀβqÀ «±Àé«zÁå®AiÀÄ, °ÀA¦, §¼Áîj.)

Kannada Kali (A Language Text Book for the Non-Kannada Professional Degree Courses by Lingadevaru Halemane)

Published By Publication Division, Prasaranga Kannada University, Hampi, Vidyaranya - 583276 Published Year 2002.

PAPER 1: SPECIAL ENGLISH (OPTIONAL)

Course Objectives

- To equip students with communication skills
- To enhance and enrich vocabulary
- To develop the writing skills

UNIT I

Advice to a Young Man Interested in Going into Law/ Felix Frankfurter,

The Language of the Law/ Urban A. Lavery

In the Court/Anton Chekov

Educating Lawyers for a Changing World/ Erwin N. Griswold

The Five Functions of the Lawyer/ Arthur T. Vanderbilt

Mr. Havlena's Verdict/ Karel Capek

Comparative Law/ Rene David and John E. C. Brierly

UNIT II

Parts of Speech- Articles, Transitive and Intransitive Verbs-Regular and Irregular Verbs

UNIT III

The Noun Phrase; The Adjective Phrase; The Verb Phrase; The Adverb Phrase; The Prepositional Phrase

UNIT IV

Tenses and their Use; Helping Verbs; The Adverbs; Tenses in Conditional Sentences; Common errors in the use of Articles/Preposition/Tenses

UNIT V

The Subject and the Predicate; Subordination and Coordination; Negation and Interrogation; Passivisation and Concord; General Vocabulary of English; Roots and Derivation-Affixation-Inflection; Compounding-Connotation, Denotation, Collocation

LIST OF RECOMMENDED BOOKS/ SUGGESTED READING

1. R. P. Bhatnagar, R. Bhargava, Law and Language [Editor - Dr. Madhav Menon, MacMillan: 1985]

- 2. W.S. Allen, A Remedial English Grammar
- 3. W.S. Allen, Living English Structure
- 4. N. Krishaswamy, Modern English
- 5. H. K. Kaul, The Craft of Writing
- 6. Darothy M. Guinn Daniel Marder, A Spectrum of Rhetoric
- 7. V.R.Narayanswamy, Strengthen your Writing [Orient Longman: 1979]

PAPER 2: ECONOMICS I - PRINCIPLES OF ECONOMICS

Course Objectives

- To apply basic economic concepts and terms in practical life;
- To identify the facets of an economic problem
- To analyze the human behavior with respect to economic activities;
- To make comparative study of the various economic systems and its related activities;
- To evaluate different markets, their structure and pricing

UNIT I: Introduction to Economics

Meaning, Nature, Scope and Importance of Economics , Definitions of Economics - Wealth, Welfare, Scarcity and Growth-Oriented , Basic Concepts: Good, Utility, Want, Demand, Supply, Market, Equilibrium, Assumptions, Economics Laws, Firm, Industry, Factors of production, Factor payments Production possibility curve and Economic activity and its organization, Micro and Macro- Economics, Central problems of an economy, Economic Systems: Capitalism, Socialism, Mixed Economy, Economics and Law: Importance and Relationship.

UNIT II: Theories of Consumption

Utility: Forms, types and concepts (TU,AU,MU), Neo - Classical utility analysis: (a) Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility (b) Proportionality rule, The concept of Marshall's Consumer's Surplus, Demand and Law of Demand, The Indifference Curve theory: Meaning, schedule, curve and properties, Marginal rate of substitution, Budget line and consumer equilibrium under indifference curve analysis.

UNIT III: Production and Cost

Production: Meaning, types, concepts Classification of factors of production and their characteristics, Production function and Law of Variables Proportions, Economies of Scale: Internal and external economies and diseconomies, Cost: Nature of cost and cost curves.

UNIT IV: Market structure and Revenue

Market: Meaning, characteristics and structure, Forms of market and their features, Price Discrimination-Meaning, types, degrees and conditions, Pricing in Practice: Skimming and Penetration pricing, Product life cycle Pricing, Revenue and its concepts.

UNIT V: Theories of Distribution

Marginal Productivity Theory of Distribution, Rent: Ricardian theory of Rent Wage: Real and Money wage, subsistence theory of wages, Interest: Classical theory of interest rate, Profit: Innovation theory of profit.

- 1. Koutsoyiannis, A. Modern Economics (1979), Macmillan Press, London.
- 2. Paul Samuelson Economics (2007), Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi.

- 3. M.L. Seth *Principles of Economics* (Thirty-Fifth Edition, 2001), Lakshmi Narain Agrawal Educational Publishers, Agra.
- 4. H.L. Ahuja *Advanced Economic Theory: Microeconomic Analysis* (2007), S. Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi.
- 5. P.N. Chopra Principles of Economics (2006), Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana.
- 6. Stonier and Hague A Textbook of Economic Theory.
- 7. Samuelson and Nigardus A Textbook of Economics.
- 8. John A Textbook of Economics.
- 9. K.K. Dewet, K.P.M. Sundaram Modern Economics.

PAPER 3: POLITICAL SCIENCE I

Course Objectives

- To introduces the basic concepts of political diaspora (State, Sovereign, Territory, Population, Government);
- To analyze the development of Political Science as a discipline through the course of History;
- To understand major political issues (Representation, Adult Franchise, Public Opinion etc.);

UNIT I

POLITICAL THEORY OF STATE: Political Science and Theory - Elements of State, Meaning, definitions and nature of state, Theories of origin of the state, State defined by different Schools of Thought, Hindu concept of state: Saptanga Theory, Islamic and Buddhist concept of state.

UNIT II

IDEOLOGICAL BASIS OF LAW AND STATE: Main Currents of Western Political thought, Political and Legal Sovereignty, Concepts of Natural Law and natural Rights, Western Major Ideologies of state: Liberalism, Socialism Marxism and Idealism, Major Indian Political Ideologies: Liberalism in India, Marxism in India, Gandhism and Sarvodaya.

UNIT III

POLITICAL ORGANIZATIONS AND CONSTITUTIONAL GOVERNMENT: Constitution:

Evolution, meaning Significance, Classifications of Constitution: Ancient and Modern Classifications Major forms of Constitutions, Unwritten and Written Constitution: UK, USA, India, Organization of Government, Forms of Government: unitary, Federal, Quasi federal and Conferral, Presidential and Parliamentary forms of Governments with special References to: UK, USA, India and Switzerland, France, Canada

UNIT IV

GOVERNMENTS AND ITS WORKING PATRON: Doctrine of Separation of Powers, Legislature: Meaning, Functions, Unicameral and Bicameral Government, Executive: Meaning, Kinds, Functions of Executive Parliamentary and Non -Parliamentary Executive, Nominal and real, executive Judiciary: Organization, Functions, Independence, PIL and Judicial Activism.

UNIT V

MAJOR POLITICAL ISSUES: Concept of Representation, Theories of Representation Universal Adult Franchise, Public Opinion: Agencies of Public Opinion, Concept of Political Participation

- 1. S.P. Verma Modern Political Theory (Vikas, 1980).
- 2. H. Finer The Theory and Practice of Modern Government.
- 3. U.N. Ghoshal A History of Indian Political Ideas (Oxford, 1959).
- 4. K.C. Wheare Federal Government.
- 5. Karl Lowenstein Political Power and the Government Process.
- 6. Breacht Political Theory.
- 7. Boenstein Today's Issues.
- 8. Dunning History and Political Thought.
- 9. F.W. Coker Recent Political Thought (Calcutta World Press Pvt. Ltd.).
- 10. G. Sawer Modern Federalism (C.A. Watts, 1969, London).
- 11. H.J. Laskey The State in Theory and Practice.
- 12. R.G. Gettell History of Political Thought.

PAPER 4: SOCIOLOGY I - INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY

Course Objectives

- To introduce the concept, emergence, evolution and application of Sociology as a Human Science;
- To imbibe the various sociological institutions such as Family, Community, Social Structure, Culture, Marriage, Religion, Education etc.;
- To analyze the Social Control and Social Change concepts with respect to the modern society;

UNIT I

Emergence of Sociology: Socio-political and intellectual forces - Early Sociological Pioneers - Definition of Sociology, Subject matter and scope, Sociology as a Science - Perspectives in Sociology: Functionalist, Conflict, Interactionist and Feminist perspectives.- Reciprocity between Sociology and other disciplines: History, Political Science, Economics, Criminology and Law. - Relevance of Sociology

UNIT II

Society, Community, Social Structure - Social System, Role and Status, Social Values - Culture, Socialization, Social groups- (Meaning, Characteristics/Elements and Types)

UNIT III

Family and Marriage, Religion, Education - State and Law, Property - (Features / Elements, Types and Importance)

UNIT IV

Social Control- Social Norms, Social Conformity and Social Deviance - Informal Agencies of Social Control: Folkways, Mores, Customs, Religion, Public Opinion - Formal Agencies: Law, Education, Police and Military

UNIT V

Social Change - Kindred concepts: Evolution, Growth, Progress, Development Religion, Public-Opinion.

Theories of Social Change: Cyclical and Uni-linear Developmental perspectives: Human Development, Social Development, Sustainable development- Theories of Development: Theories of development and Under-development.

- 1. Bottomore, T.B. Sociology: A Guide in Problems and Literature (George Allen & Unwin, India, 1972).
- 2. Harlambos, M. Sociology: Themes and Perspectives (Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 1998).
- 3. Inkeles, Alex What is Sociology? (Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, 1987).
- 4. Johnson, Harry M. Sociology: A Systematic Introduction (Allied Publications, New Delhi, 1995).
- 5. Schaefer, Richard T., and Robert F. Lamm Sociology (Tata-McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1999).
- 6. Abraham, Francis Contemporary Sociology (Oxford University Press, 2006).
- 7. Popenoe, David Sociology (3rd Edn., Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, 1977).
- 8. Davis, Kingsley *Human Society* (Surject Publications, New Delhi, 1982).
- 9. Fulcher, James & Scott, John Sociology (2nd Edn., Oxford University Press, New York, 2003).
- 10. Gisbert, Pascual Fundamentals of Sociology (Orient Longmans, Bombay, 1983).
- 11. Horton, Paul & Hunt, Chester Sociology (McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1984).
- 12. Robertson, Ian Sociology (Worth Publishers, New York, 1980).
- 13. McKee, James Sociology: The Study of Society (Holt, Rinehart, Winston, New York, 1981).
- 14. Schaefer and Lamm Sociology (4th Edn., McGraw Hill, New York, 1992).
- 15. Giddens, Anthony Sociology (7th Edn., Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2013).
- 16. MacIver, R.M. & Page, C.H. Society: Introduction to Sociology (Macmillan, New Delhi).
- 17. Koenig, Samuel Sociology: An Introduction to the Science of Society (Barnes & Noble Books, London, 1957).
- 18. Berger, Peter L. An Invitation to Sociology (Allen and Unwin, London, 1978).
- 19. Jayaram, N. Introductory Sociology (Macmillan, New Delhi, 1990).
- 20. Haralambos & Holborn Sociology: Themes & Perspectives (Collins, London, 2008).
- 21. Jena, D.N. & Mohapatra, V.K. *Social Change: Themes & Perspectives* (Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi, 2002).
- 22. Leslie, G.R., Richard F. Larson, and Benjamin L. Gorman *Introductory Sociology: Order and Change in Society* (3rd Edn., Oxford University Press, Delhi, 1994).
- 23. Rao, C.N. Shankar Principles of Sociology (S. Chand & Co. Ltd.).

PAPER 5: TORT AND CONSUMER PROTECTION LAWS

Course Objectives

- To understand the Importance of Tort law for general understanding of legal principles
- To evaluate various doctrines, principles under tort law
- To interpret various judicial decisions
- To comprehend consumer protection laws and judicial decisions
- To analyze motor vehicle legislations and decisions

UNIT I

Evolution of Law of Torts, Definition, Nature and Scope, Distinction between Tort, Contract, Crime, and Breach of Trust. Essentials of Tort and Tortious Liability. General Justification of Torts- Personal Capacity to sue and be sued.

UNIT II

Vicarious Liability, Trespass-Trespass to Person, land, and goods, detinue and conversion.

UNIT III

Defamation, Nuisance- Negligence-Absolute and strict Liability, Liability for Animals.

UNIT IV

Remoteness of Damage, Malicious Prosecution, Wrongs relating to Domestic Relationships-Abduction-Adultery-Torts to Parental Rights, Legal Remedies-Damages- Injunction- Specific Restitution.

UNIT V

Consumer Protection Act (inclusive of Latest Amendments) - Consumer Protection Redressal Agencies- Consumer Protection Councils.

Consumer Welfare Resolutions, – Bureau of Indian Standards Act, - Food Safety & Standards Act, - Legal Metrology Act, - Drugs & Cosmetics Act.

- 1. Salmond and Heuston On the Law of Torts (Universal, Delhi, 2000).
- 2. D.D. Basu The Law of Torts (Kamal, Calcutta).
- 3. D.M. Gandhi Law of Tort (Eastern, Lucknow).
- 4. P.S. Achuthan Pillai *The Law of Tort* (Eastern, Lucknow).
- 5. Ratanlal & Dhirajlal The Law of Torts (Universal, Delhi).

- 6. Winfield and Jolowicz On Tort (Sweet and Maxwell, London).
- 7. Saraf, D.N. Law of Consumer Protection in India (Tripathi, Bombay).
- 8. Avtar Singh *The Law of Consumer Protection: Principles and Practice* (Eastern Book Co., Lucknow, 2000).
- 9. J.N. Barowalia Commentary on Consumer Protection Act 1986 (Universal, Delhi).
- 10. P.K. Mujumdar *The Law of Consumer Protection in India* (Orient Publishing Co., New Delhi).

PAPER 6: LEGAL METHODS

Course Objectives

- To have the ability to grasp, at least, a basic understanding of issues relating to methodology and have an elementary understanding of the debates around the nature of law;
- To distinguish between the major kinds of law, legal systems and institutions;
- To know the structure of the legal institutions and the hierarchy of courts in India;
- To acquire the ability to identify legal issues and principles underlying any given factual situation.
- To undertake and present research on such issues

UNIT 1: MEANING AND CLASSIFICATION OF LAWS

Meaning and definition; Functions of law; Schools of law Classification of laws: Public and Private Law, Substantive and Procedural Law, Municipal and International Law.

UNIT 2: SOURCES OF LAW

Meaning; Primary and Secondary sources; Custom; Precedent- Categories of precedents, dissenting and concurring opinion, majority and plurality judgments, overruling of judgments, Article 141 of the Constitution; stare decisis, Ratio decidendi - Tests to determine ratio decidendi, obiter dictum; Legislations, Juristic writings; Justice, Equity and Good Conscience, International law as a source of Municipal Law.

UNIT 3: LEGAL RESEARCH & REASONING

Legal Research-Research – Meaning – Reflective thinking – Dewey-Kelly system – Doctrinal and Non-doctrinal Methods – Basic statistical tools. Legal materials – Case law, Case Briefing; Statutes, Reports, Journals, Manuals, Digests etc.; Use of Law Library; Importance of legal research; New Dimensions in Legal Research- Use of Online Databases and e-resources; Artificial Intelligence: pitfalls and benefits; Techniques of Legal Research; Legal writings and citations; Judicial Reasoning; Analogizing – the application of principles laid down in similar cases, static and dynamic analogy; Case Synthesis.

UNIT 4: READING AND ANALYSIS OF JUDGEMENTS AND STATUTES

Reading and analysis of various landmark judgements in Constitutional Law, Criminal Law

and the Law of Torts; FILAC and IRAC methods; Analysis through deconstruction of text Reading and Understanding of Statues- Aids to the interpretation of Statute (Internal and External Aids)

UNIT 5: BASIC CONCEPTS OF INDIAN LEGAL SYSTEM

Constitution as the Basic Law; Rule of Law; Separation of Powers; Delegated Legislation; Judicial system in India- Hierarchy of Courts in India, Jurisdiction of Courts (Territorial, Pecuniary, Subject Matter); Fora and Tribunals-Alternative Dispute Resolution Methods, Arbitration, Negotiation, Mediation and Conciliation, Lok Adalats.

- 1. A.V. Dicey, *An Introduction to the Study of the Law of the Constitution*, Universal Law Publishing Co., 10th ed., 4th Indian Reprint, 2003.
- 2. B.S. Hansai, A Critical Study of ADR System: Special Focus on Lok Adalat in India.
- 3. Benjamin Cardozo, *Nature of the Judicial Process*, Universal Law Publishing Co., 9th Indian Reprint, 2011.
- 4. Bodenheimer, Jurisprudence, Universal Law Publishing Co., 7th Indian Reprint, 2011.
- 5. C.K. Takwani, Lectures on Administrative Law, 4th Edition, 2008, Eastern Book Company.
- 6. David Ingram, *Law-Key Concepts in Philosophy*, Continuum International Publishing Group, 1st ed., 2006.
- 7. Friedmann, Law in a Changing Society, Universal Law Publishing Co., 4th Indian Reprint, 2008.
- 8. G.W. Paton, A Textbook of Jurisprudence, Oxford University Press, 2007.
- 9. H. Patrick Glenn, Legal Tradition of the World, Oxford University Press, 1st ed., 2000.
- 10. Jacqueline M. Nolan-Haley, ADR in a Nutshell, 2nd Edition, 2001, West Group.
- 11. Kulshreshta, *Landmarks in Indian Legal and Constitutional History*, Eastern Book Co., 8th edn., Reprint 2006.
- 12. Lakshminath, Precedent in Indian Law, Eastern Book Co., 3rd ed., 2009.
- 13. M.V. Pylee, Select Constitutions of the World, Universal Law Publishing Co., 3rd ed., 2012.
- 14. Mani Tripathi, Introduction to Jurisprudence and Legal Theory, Allahabad Law Agency, 2011.
- 15. P.J. Fitzgerald, Salmond on Jurisprudence, Universal Law Publishing, 2004.
- 16. Rattan Singh, Legal Research & Methodology, Lexis Nexis, 1st ed., 2013.
- 17. S.K. Verma & Afzal Wani, *Legal Research and Methodology*, Indian Law Institute, 2nd edn., 1st Reprint 2006.
- 18. S.R. Myneni, Legal Systems in the World, Asia Law House, 1st ed., 2007.

- 19. Sharon Hanson, Legal Method and Reasoning, Cavendish Publishing Ltd., 2nd ed., 2003.
- 20. Steven J. Burton, *An Introduction to Law and Legal Reasoning*, Wolters Kluwer Publishers Co., 1st ed., 2007.
- 21. Sukumar Roy, Alternative Dispute Resolution, Eastern Law House, 1st ed., 2012.
- 22. T.K. Sinha, *Textbook on Legal Methods, Legal Systems and Research*, 1st Edition, 2010, Universal Law Publishing Co. Ltd.
- 23. V.D. Mahajan, Jurisprudence and Legal Theory, Eastern Book Co., 5th ed., Reprint 2010.
- 24. William Glanville, Learning the Law, 15th ed., Sweet and Maxwell, 2011.

SEMESTER II

PAPER 7: Pˣ˧qÀ

WÀIPÀ-1

"sÁμÉ JAzÀgÉãÀÄ? "sÁμÉAiÀÄ ¸ÀégÀÆ¥À, "sÁμÉAiÀÄ CUÀvÀåUÀ¼ÀÄ
^aÄävÀÄÛ ¥ÀæAiÉÆÃd£ÀUÀ¼ÀÄ, PÀ£ÀβqÀ ¸Á»vÀåzÀ°è PÁ£ÀƤ£À £É¯É, ¥ÁvÀæ

^aÄävÀÄÛ aÀä°ÀvÀé, d£À¥ÀzÀ¢AzÀ PÁ£ÀÆ£ÀÄ PÉëÃvÀæPÉÌ PÉÆqÀÄUÉ,
PÁ£ÀƤ£À "sÁμÉ aÄävÄÄÛ PÁ£ÀÆ£ÀÄ PÉëÃvÀæzÀ°è PÀ£ÀβqÀzÀ §¼ÀPÉAiÄÄ
C¤áÁAiÀÄŏvÉ, eÉÊ£À ¸Á»vÀå, aÀZÀ£À ¸Á»vÀå oÁUÀÆ zÁ¸À ¸Á»vÀåUÀ¼À°è
CqÀPÀUÉÆArgÀÄa PÁ£ÀƤ£À CA±ÀUÀ¼ÀÄ, PÀ£ÀβqÀ "sÁμÉAiÄÄ

"ɼÀaÀtÂUÉAiÀİè UÉÆÃPÁPï aÀgÀ¢AiÀÄ aÀäoÀvÀé, ¸ÀaÀŏdÕ£À wæ¥À¢UÀ¼ÀÄ

aÄävÄÄÛ aÄÄAPÄÄwaÄÄä£À PÀUÀÎUÀ¼À°è £ÁåAiÀÄ, ¤Ãw aÄävÄÄÛ

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WÀIPÀ-2

Dqà½và "sÁµÉAiÀiÁV PÀ£ÀßqÀ "sÁµÉ "ɼÉzÀÄ §AzÀ zÁj, "sÁµÉAiÀÄ §UÉUÉ
'ÁA«zsÁ¤PÀ ¤AiÀĪÀÄUÀ¼ÀÄ, DqÀ½vÁvÄäPÀ PÀ£ÀßqÀ "sÁµÁ 'ÀégÀÆ¥À,
¥Áj"sÁ¶PÀ ¥ÀzÀUÀ¼À ¥ÀjZÀAiÀÄ, DqÀ½vÀ PÁ£ÀßqÀ "sÁµÉ,
gÁdªÀÄ£ÉvÀ£ÀUÀ¼À DqÀ½vÀzÀ°è PÀ£ÀßqÀ, PÀ£ÀßqÀ "sÁµÉUÉ DAUÀègÀ
PÉÆqÄÄUÉ, 'ÁévÀAvÁæöå £ÀAvÀgÀ DqÀ½vÀzÀ°è PÀ£ÀßqÀ, DqÀ½vÀzÀ°è
Pˣ˧qÀ §¼ÀPÉUÉ EgÀĪÀ 'ÀªÁ®ÄUÀ¼ÄÄ °ÁUÀÆ ¥Àj°ÁgÀUÀ¼ÀÄ

WÀIPÀ-3

¥ÀvÀæ gÀZÀ£É, ¥ÀvÀæzÀ ««zsÀ CAUÀUÀ¼ÀÄ, C¢üPÀÈvÀ ¥ÀvÀæ, CgÉ ¸ÀPÁðj ¥ÀvÀæ, eÁÕ¥À£Á ¥ÀvÀæ, ¸ÀÄvÉÆÛïÉ, D°Áé£À ¥ÀwæPÉ, UÉeÉmï C¢ü¸ÀÆZÀ£É, eÁ»ÃgÁvÀÄ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ ¥ÀæPÀluÉ, C¢üPÀÈvÀ ¥ÀvÀæ, ¯ÉÃR£À a°Éß ªÀÄvÀÄÛ ªÀiÁzÀjUÀ¼ÀÄ, ªÀgÀ¢ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ £ÀqÀªÀ½UÀ¼ÄÄ, gÀeÁ Cfð £ÀªÀÄÆ£É ªÀiÁzÀj, £ÉÆÃnøÀÄ, PÀqÀvÀUÀ¼ÀÄ, ²µÀÖ¨sÁµÉ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ CxÀð ªÀåvÁå¸À

WÀIPÀ-4

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- 2. «zÁå¢üñÀ G¥ÁzsÉå ; 2007 ; PÁ£ÀƤ£À "sÁµÉ ªÀÄvÀÄÛ PÁ£ÀÆ£ÀÄ §gÀªÀtÂUÉ ; DPÀ¹⁄₄ÀªÁr §ÄPï r¥ÉÆ ; zsÁgÀªÁqÀ.
- 3. JA. C§Äݯï gɰÀªÀiÁ£ï ¥ÁµÀ, J¸ï. £ÁUÀªÉÃt (¸ÀA.) ; 2023 ; DqÀ½vÀ ¥ÀzÀPÉÆÃ±À ; £ÀªÀPÀ£ÁðIPÀ ¥ÀæPÁ±À£À ; "ÉAUÀ¼ÀÆgÀÄ.
- 4. qÁ. JA. azÁ£ÀAzÀªÀÄÆwð ; 2010 ; "sÁμÁ «eÁÕ£ÀzÀ ªÀÄÆ® vÀvÀéUÀ¼ÀÄ ;

- r.«.PÉ. ªÀÄÆwð ¥ÀæPÁ±À£À; ªÉÄÊ,ÀÆgÀÄ.
- 5. PÀ£ÁðIPÀ 'ÀPÁðgÀ ('ÀA.) ; 2009 ; DqÀ½vÀzÀ°è PÀ£ÀßqÀ ; PÀ£ÀßqÀ C©üªÀÈ¢Þ ¥Áæ¢üPÁgÀ ; "ÉAUÀ¼ÀÆgÀÄ.
- 6. ©.PÉ. ÉÆÃPÀ¥Á®£ï ; 2023 ; PÀbÉÃj PÉʦr ; ¸ÀPÁðj £ËPÀgÀgÀ ¥ÀĸÀÛPÀ ¥ÀæPÁ±À£À ; "ÉAUÀ¼ÀÆgÀÄ.

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- 1. PÀ£ÀBqÀ "sÁµÉAiÀÄ §UÉV£À UÀæ»PÉ °ÉZÁÑUÀĪÀÅzÀÄ.
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- 4. Pˣ˧qÀ "sÁµÉAiÀİègÀĪÀ PÁ£ÀÆ£ÀÄ ¥Áj"sÁ¶PÀ ¥ÀzÀUÀ¼À£ÀÄß ªÀÄ£À£À ªÀiÁqÀĪÀÅzÀÄ.
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- 8. PÁ£ÀÆ£ÀÄ ÉÃR£ÀUÀ¼À P˱À®åUÀ¼À£ÀÄß GvÀÛªÀÄ¥Àr¹PÉÆ¼ÀÄĵªÀÅzÀÄ.

PAPER 7: ENGLISH (OPTIONAL)

UNIT I

The Mind and Faith of Justice Holmes/ Justice Oliver Wendell Holmes A Plea for the Severest Penalty/ M.K. Gandhi Cross - Examination of Pigott before the Parnell Commission/Sir Charles Russell The Law is a Jealous Mistress - A Popular Fallacy/ Joseph W. Planck DRAMA- "Silence the Court is on Session" by Vijay Tendulkar

UNIT II

Foreign Words and Phrases Important Latin and English affixes Certain set expressions and phrases One word substitution Words often confused

UNIT III

Précis writing and summarizing Brief writing and drafting of reports Essay writing on topics of legal interest.

UNIT IV

Reading aloud (Knowledge of proper pauses) Key sounds, their discrimination and accent consulting a pronouncing dictionary Rapid reading & debating exercises.

UNIT V

Common Logical Fallacies

The unquestioned assumption-Over Simplification - Generalization: 'Some' or 'one' become 'all' Vague middle term-Omission

Analogy- Begging the question-Percentage mistake - Diversion-Irrelevancy Comprehension of Legal texts -Use of cohesive devices (legal drafting)

- 1. R. P. Bhatnagar, R. Bhargava Law and Language [Editor Dr. Madhav Menon, MacMillan: 1985]
- 2. N. Krishaswamy and T. Srinivasan Current English for Colleges [Macmillan: 1990]
- 3. M. Nagarajan, T. Shashishekharan & S. Ramamurthy Indian Prose for EffectiveCommunication: A Practical Programme for Colleges [Macmillan India Ltd.]
- 4. Nesfeild English Grammar & Composition
- 5. V.R. Narayanswamy Strengthen your Writing [Orient Longman: 1979]
- 6. Peter Wright Language at Work.
- 7. Daniel Jones English Pronouncing Dictionary

SEMESTER II

PAPER 8: ECONOMICS II – MONEY, BANKING AND INTERNATIOAL TRADE

Course Objectives

- To acquire knowledge on the role of Money in the economy and its related issues like inflation, deflation, demand and supply of money etc;
- To analyze the role of banking sector in the economy;
- To review the monetary policy of RBI;
- To comprehend importance of international trade and its related theories;
- To understand the working of international organizations and FDI strategies;

UNIT I: Money and the Economy

Money: Meaning, Definition, properties, functions and circular flow, Value, Supply and types of money - M1, M2, M3, M4 Index Number: Meaning, types, uses, steps and problems involved in its constructions Quantity theory of money: a) Cash Transaction Approach b) Cash-Balance Approach, Inflation: Meaning, types, causes, effects and controlling measures.

UNIT II: Indian Money Market

Money Market: Meaning, organization features and components, Money market and capital market differences and similarities, SEBI: Power, functions and responsibilities, Commercial Bank: meaning, types and functions and balance sheet, Credit Creation process by commercial banks.

UNIT III: Central Banking

History, objectives and functions of Central Bank, Credit Control: Meaning, objectives and methods a) Quantitative Methods b) Qualitative methods, Monetary policy, objectives, instruments and performances, Demonetization and its impacts in India.

UNIT IV: International Trade

Importance of International Trade, Theories of International Trade a) Absolute advantage theory b) Comparative Cost Theory, Factor endowment theory or modern theory, Terms of Trade - Types and determinants, Instruments of Trade policy – tariffs and quotas effect

UNIT V: Balance of Payments and Foreign Exchange

Balance of Trade and Balance of Payments, Disequilibrium in B.O.P Causes and Methods Of Correction, Foreign Exchange Rate: (a) meaning, determination and causes for changes in exchange rate (b) Fixed and flexible exchange rate, WTO objectives, functions, Agreements, WTO and India. Foreign Direct Investment: Meaning, trends and patterns.

- 1. Soderstein, B. International Economics (Macmillan, London, 1993).
- 2. Kindleberger, C.P. International Economics (R.D. Irwin, Homewood, 1976).
- 3. M.C. Vaish and Sudama Singh *International Economics* (Oxford and IBH Publications, New Delhi, 1980).
- 4. Sundaram, K.P.M. *Money, Banking and International Trade* (Sultan Chand and Sons Educational Publishers, New Delhi, 39th edition, 2004; reprint 2005).
- M.C. Vaish Money, Banking and International Trade (New Age International Private Limited Publishers, New Delhi, 18th updated edition, 1997).
- 6. R.R. Paul Monetary Economics.
- 7. Kulkarni and Kalkundrikar Monetary Economics.
- 8. M.L. Seth Monetary Economics.
- 9. D.M. Mithani Money, Banking and International Trade.
- 10.M.L. Jingan Money, Banking and International.
- 11. Decock Money, Banking and International.
- 12. Sayers, R.S. Commercial Banking.
- 13. Jingan International Economics.
- 14. K.R. Gupta International Economics.

PAPER 9: POLITICAL SCIENCE II

Course Objectives

- To introduce the like concepts of Political Obligation and its theories;
- To understand the concepts of Power, Authority, Legitimacy and Sanction;
- To analyze the problems of civil disobedience and the concept of punishment by the State;

UNIT I

POLITICAL OBLIGATION: Concept of Political Obligation: meaning, Definitions, Nature, Characteristics, Kinds of Political Obligation, Grounds of Political Obligation, Theories of Political Obligation, Limitations of Political Obligation.

UNIT II

CONCEPTS OF POWER, AUTHORITY AND LEGITIMACY: Power: Meaning, Definitions and Nature of Power, Sources of Power, Kinds-forms of Power ,Distinction between Power and related Terms, Methods of Exercising power, Authority: Meaning, Definitions and characteristics, Sources and kinds of Authority, Basis of Authority, Relationship between Power and Authority, Legitimacy: Meaning, Definitions and Characteristics, Types of Legitimacy, Political Legitimacy and Effectiveness, Legitimacy and Power, Approaches to Legitimacy: Classical and Modern approaches

UNIT III

UTILITARIAN POLITICAL OBLIGATIONS: Utilitarianism: Meaning, Definitions and Characteristics, Basis of Utilitarianism, Hedonism, Major Utilitarian's: Jeremy Bentham and J.S.Mill.

UNIT IV

PROBLEMS OF CIVIL DISOBEDIENCE AND OBEDIENCE TO UNJUST

LAWS: Civil Disobedience: Meaning, Definitions, M.K.Gandhi's Doctrine of Civil Disobedience: Satyagraha and Non-Co-Operation, Henry David Thouru's Doctrine of Civil Disobedience, PROBLEM OF OBEDIENCE TO UNJUST LAWS, Meaning of Law, Meaning and Definitions of Unjust

law Grounds to Disobey the Unjust Laws Problems of Obedience to Unjust Law, Safeguards against Unjust Law.

UNIT V

FOUNDATIONS OF PROMISSORY CONTRACTUAL LIABILITIES AND PROBLEMS OF PUNISHMENT: Meaning and Definitions of Contract, Kinds of Contract, Classification of Contract, Grounds of Validity and Enforceability, Promises and Contracts, PROBLEMS OF PUNISHMENT: Meaning and Definitions of Punishment, Kinds of Punishment, Theories of Punishment, LEGITIMATION: Meaning and Nature, Crisis of Legitimation, Reasons for Contemporary Crisis of Legitimation.

- 1. Ranjani Kothari Democratic Policy and Social Change in India: Crisis andOpportunities [Allied Publishers, 1976]
- 2. Karl Lawernstein Political Power and the Government Process
- 3. D'entrives The Nation of the State [Oxford University Press, 1967] (Pages 1-10 Introduction, Part II Chapter 10 pp. 141–153 Legality and Legitimacy)
- 4. Nisbet R.A. The Sociological Tradition [Heinemonn, 1967 (London)] (Part II Chapter4 Authority for Authority and Power)
- Beirstedt Robert Power and Progress [McGraw-Hill, 1974 (New York and Delhi)](Chapter 13 – Analysis of Social Power, Chapter 14 – Our Problem of Authority)
- 6. Flathaman Political Obligation [Crom-Heim, 1972 (London)]
- 7. *Pateman, Conole* The Problem of Political Obligation [John Wiley and Sons, 1979(New York)]
- 8. Leiser Liberty, Justice and Morals (Chapter 12 Civil Disobedience

PAPER 10: SOCIOLOGY II - STUDY OF INDIAN SOCIETY

Course Objectives

- To understand the evolution and working of the Indian society;
- To introduce various concepts in Rural communities of India such as Marriage & Family etc.
- To understand The concepts of evolution of Case, Communalism and other Societal Structures are analyzed in depth;

UNIT I

Nature and importance of studying Indian Society - Evolution of Indian Society: Socio- cultural dimensions.

Geographical and Historical features - Unity in diversity: Threats and Challenges

UNIT II

Rural communities: nature & recent trends, Developmental programmes, changing face of rural life - Tribal communities: nature & recent trends, Scheduled tribes, Developmental programmes changing face of Tribal life.

UNIT III

Marriage & Family among Hindus - Marriage and Family among Muslims and Christians - Basic concepts of Kinship: Incest, Affiliations, Consanguity, affinity, clan, linage, kindred and descent - Kinship Organizations in India: Regional variations - Changes and Challenges to the Marriage and Family

UNIT IV

Historical evolution of caste - Theories of Origin of Caste - Risley, Dumont, Ghurye and Hutton - Caste among Non-Hindus - Caste in contemporary India - Changes in Caste and Class Relations

UNIT V

Communalism: Nature of communalism, communalism in India, review of communal riots, role of civil society in curbing communalism - Violence against women: rape, sexual harassment, feticide, honor killing, problems of the third gender, legislations & remedial measures -Terrorism: nature & causes of terrorism, terrorism in India, effects of terrorism on society, combating terrorism.

- 1. N.K. Bose The Structure of Hindu Society (Orient Longman, New Delhi, 1975).
- 2. Andre Beteille The Backward Classes and the New Social Order (Oxford University Press, New Delhi,

1981).

- 3. G.S. Gurye Caste, Class and Occupation.
- 4. Peter Worsley et al. Introducing Sociology (Harmondsworth: Penguin Books, 1970).
- 5. Ramesh Thapper (Ed.) Tribe, Caste and Religion in India (Macmillan, New Delhi, 1977).
- 6. A.R. Desai Rural Sociology.
- 7. M.N. Srinivas Caste in Modern India.
- 8. M.K. Srinivas Social Change in Modern India.
- 9. Odhum and Meinkoff A Handbook of Sociology.
- 10. Government of India Publication Social Legislation.
- 11. Prabhu Hindu Social Organisation.
- 12. Kingsley Davis Human Society.
- 13. David G. Mandelman Society in India (Popular Prakashan, Bombay, 1972).
- 14. K.M. Kapadia Marriage and Family in India (Oxford University Press, 1980).
- 15. Ram Ahuja Indian Social System.
- 16. Ram Ahuja Social Problems in India (Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2001).
- 17. C.B. Mamoria Social Problems and Social Disorganization in India.
- 18. G.R. Madan Indian Social Problems (Vol. I) (Allied Publishers).
- 19. Jogan Shankar Social Problems and Welfare in India (Ashish Publishing House, New Delhi).
- 20. C.N. Shankar Rao Sociology of Indian Society (S. Chand & Co. Ltd.).

PAPER 11: CONTRACT I

Course Objectives

- To Define, distinguish and apply the basic concepts and terminology of the law of contract;
- To Understand and distinguish amongst the various processes involved in contract formation;
- To Identify the relevant legal issues that arise on a given set of facts in the area of contract law;

UNIT I

History – Formation of Contract – Agreement and Contract – Definitions – Classification - Offer and Acceptance – Communication – Revocation – Essential elements – Invitation to Offer – Tenders. Consideration – Nudum Pactum - Essential elements – Privity of Contract and of Consideration – Exceptions – Unlawful Consideration and its effect. Contractual Ability – Electronic Documents as Web Pages – Digital Certificates as Entry Passes – Time and Place of Contract – Secured Custody of Electronic Records.

UNIT II

Capacity to Contract – Minor's Agreements and its effects – Persons of unsound mind – Persons disqualified by Law. Free Consent – Coercion - Undue influence – Misrepresentation – Fraud – Mistake – Legality of Object – Void Agreements – Agreements against Public Policy – Wagering Agreements – Its exceptions – Contingent Contracts.

UNIT III

Discharge of Contracts and its various Modes – by performance – Time and place of performance – Performance of reciprocal promises - Appropriation of Payments – Discharge by Agreement – By operation of Law – By frustration (Impossibility of Performance) – By Breach (Anticipatory and Actual). Remedies for Breach of Contracts – Damages – Remoteness of damages – Ascertainment of damages-Injunction – When granted and when refused – Restitution, Specific performance when granted – Quasi Contracts.

UNIT IV

The Specific Relief Act - Nature of Specific Relief - Recovery of Possession of movable and immovable Property - Specific performance when granted and not granted - Who may obtain and against whom - Discretionary remedy - Power of Court to grant relief - Rectification of instruments - Cancellation - Declaratory decrees - Preventive relief - Temporary injunctions - Perpetual and Mandatory Injunctions. Government as a contracting party: Constitutional provisions - Government powers to contract - Procedural

requirements – Kinds of Government Contracts, their usual clauses, performance of such contract, settlement of disputes and remedies.

UNIT V

Competition Law - Prohibition of certain agreements; abuse of dominant position and regulation of combination; Competition Commission of India- Composition, powers, functions.

- 1. Avtar Singh Law of Contracts.
- 2. Avtar Singh Specific Relief Act.
- 3. Pollock & Mulla Indian Contract Act.
- 4. P.S. Atiya Introduction to the Law of Contract.
- 5. G.C. Cheshire Law of Contract.
- 6. William Anson Law of Contract.
- 7. S.M. Durga Guide to Competition Law.
- 8. Dr. S.C. Tripathi Competition Law

SEMESTER III

PAPER 12: ECONOMICS III - ECONOMIC THEORY AND PUBLIC FINANCE

Course Objectives

- To Comprehend the role and need of National Income in an economy;
- To Acquire knowledge of the working of business cycles;
- To Identify and suggest measures to address unemployment through various theories;
- To Addresses the need to have economic growth and development;
- To Recognises the role and Importance of Public Finance;

UNIT I: National Income

National Income-Meaning, definition and its importance, Concept of National Income – GDP, GNP, NNP, PCI, PI, DPI etc..., Methods and Difficulties in the Calculations of NI, Trends in GDP of India.

UNIT II: Theories of Employment

Says law of Market: Proposition, implications and criticisms, Keynesian Theory of employment - Assumptions, determinants, unemployment equilibrium and criticisms, Trade Cycle-Meaning, features, Phases and Controlling measures.

UNIT III: Economics of Growth and Development

Economic Growth and Development: Meaning and differences, Determinants of economic development

Vicious circle of Poverty: Meaning, causes and solutions to break VCP, Theories of economic growth: (a)Balanced and Unbalanced(b) Big push theory (c)Critical Minimum Efforts Thesis (d) Rostow's stages of economic growth.

UNIT IV: Environment, Development and Pollution

Relationship between Environment and Economy, Sustainable Development: Meaning, objectives and principles, Environmental Pollution: Causes, types, effects and challenges, Climate change: Causes, impacts and measures to mitigate.

UNIT V: Public Finance

Public Finance: Meaning, scope and its role in developing economy, Public revenue: Meaning, significance and sources, Public Expenditure: Meaning, objectives, its items and reasons for growth in public expenditure, Public debt-Meaning, types and methods of repayment, Budget: Definition, types, objectives and components.

- 1 Musgrave, R.A., *The Theory of Public Finance* (1959), McGraw Hill, Kogakusha, Tokyo.
- 2 Musgrave, R.A., and P.B. Musgrave, *Public Finance in Theory and Practice* (1976), McGraw Hill, Kogakusha, Tokyo.
- 3 Bhatia, H.L., *Public Finance* (2000), Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi.
- 4 Higgins, B., Economic Developments (1959), W.W. Norton, New York.
- 5 Adelman, Theories of Economic Growth and Development (1961), Stanford University, Stanford.
- 6 Lekhi, R.K., *Public Finance*, Kalyani Publishers, New Delhi.
- 7 Singh, S.K., Public Economics: Theory & Practice, S. Chand and Co., New Delhi.
- 8 Tyagi, B.P., Public Finance, Jayaprakashnath and Coy, Meerut, India.
- 9 Ahuja, H.L., *Advanced Economics Theory: Micro Economics Analysis*, S. Chand and Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2007.
- 10 Dwivedi, D.N., Macro Economics, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2006.
- 11 Shapiro, Edward, Macro Economics Analysis, Galgotia Publication Private Ltd, New Delhi, 2007.
- 12 Dalton, Hugh, Principles of Public Finance, Routledge Publishers, London, 2008.
- 13 Kulkarni and Kalkundrikar, Economic Theory.
- 14 Dedly Dellard, Economics of J.M. Keynes.
- 15 Gupta and Verma, Keynes and Post-Keynesian Economics.
- 16 H. Dalton, Public Finance.
- 17 D.M. Mithani, Fundamentals of Public Finance.

PAPER 13: POLTICAL SCIENCE- III

Course Objectives

- To Introduces the International Relations within the comity of Polity;
- To Understand the concepts of National Political Power and the instruments of peaceful changes are introduced to the students;
- To analyze the major aspects of War, Conflicts and the role of Inter-Governmental Organization;

UNIT I

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS AND WORLD COMMUNITY: Meaning and Definitions of International Relations, World Community and Sovereign States, Elements of Sovereign States Transnational Official Organizations: Political Parties, Transnational Non-Official Organizations: Church's Multinational Corporations, Scientific, and Cultural Organizations.

UNIT II

NATIONAL POLITICAL POWER: Meaning, Sources and Elements (Geography, Population, Natural Resources, Food and Raw Materials), Military Preparedness and Moral Leadership, National Interest: Kinds of National Interest, Limitations of National Power

UNIT III

MAJOR ASPECTS OF WAR AND CONFLICTS: International Law and Public Opinion on War, Fear of Violence and Distractions in War, Conventional and Nuclear Weapon, CONFLICTS: Meaning and Definitions, Sources of Conflicts, East-West and North-South Rivalries, Territorial Claims and Resources, Population of Migrants Neo- Colonialism: International Trade, Balance of Payments and Protectionism

UNIT IV

INTER GOVERNMENTAL ORGANIZATIONS AND THEIR CONSTITUENT INSTRUMENTS: Inter Governmental Organizations: Meaning and Their Constituent Instruments, League of Nations, ILO and International Financial Institutions, UNO – Formation, Preamble, Members and Principal Organizations, Role of Regional Organizations and NGO's in International Relations

UNIT V

INSTRUMENTS OF PEACEFUL CHANGE: Negotiation, Mediation, Arbitration, Conciliationand Judicial Settlement, Diplomacy, Balance of Power, Collective Security, Alliances, NATO, SEATO, Disarmament and Common Wealth Nations, Establishment of World Government.

- 1 D.W. Bowett, *International Institutions* [Methuen, London, 1964].
- 2 C.P. Schelicher, International Relations.
- 3 Vermon Van Dyke, International Politics.
- 4 Palmer and Perkins, International Relations.
- 5 E.H. Heartmann, The Relations of Nations.
- 6 Quincy Wright, *Study of International Relations* [Appleton Century Crafts, New York, 1955].
- 7 Han's Morgenthau, *Politics Among Nations: The Struggle for Power and Peace* [2nd Edn., New York: Knopf, 1955].

PAPER 14: SOCIOLOGY III – SOCIOLOGY OF DEVIANCE

Course Objectives

- To introduces the students to the concept of Deviance, its types and role;
- To explains the various theories of Deviance and its manifestation in modern society;
- To enables the students to critically analyze the penological and rectifying measures on deviance

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Meaning and Nature of Deviance, Meaning of Social Conformity and Factors of Conformity, Factors of Deviance, Deviance and Social Norms, Deviance and Social Disorganization, Deviance and Culture.

UNIT II THEORIES OF DEVIANCE

Functionalist Theories: Emile Durkheim – Anomie, R.K. Merton – Social Structure Anomie, Albert K. Cohen – Delinquent Sub-culture, Interactionist Perspective: Howard S. Becker – Labelling Theory, Marxist Perspective – Karl Marx, Neo-Marxist Perspective – Ian Taylor, Paul Walton and Jack Young.

UNIT III DEVIANCE AND SOCIAL PROBLEMS

Alcoholism, Drug and Substance Addiction, Suicide, Domestic Violence, Pornography (Cause and Effects), Social Issues and Deviance: Capital Punishment, Child Labor, Euthanasia

UNIT IV DEVIANCE AND CRIMES: RECENT TRENDS

Elites and Deviance, Growing Cyber Crimes, Corporate Crimes, Crimes against Women and Marginalized Groups, Human Trafficking.

UNIT V PENOLOGICAL AND CORRECTIONAL MEASURES

Theories of Punishment – Retributive, Deterrent and Reformative, The Role of Law and Institutional Arrangements – Police and Prisons, Role of Civil Society in the Rehabilitation of Deviants and Criminals

Role of UNO and Human Rights Agencies

LIST OF RECOMMENDED BOOKS/ SUGGESTED READINGS

1. Clinard, Marshall. B (1968): Sociology of Deviant Behaviour, New York, Holt, R Inchart & Winston

- 2. Lemert, E.M: Sociology Pathology
- 3. Rubington & Weinberg, *The Study of Social Problems: Five Perspectives* (1977), Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- 4. Parsons, Talcott, *The Social System* (Ch 7) (1972), New Delhi.
- 5. Merton, Robert K., Social Theory & Social Structure (1974), New Delhi, Prentice Hall.
- 6. Shoham, S. Glora, Social Deviance (1976), New York, John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 7. Ahuja, Ram, Social Problems in India (2000), Rawat Publication, Jaipur.
- 8. Ahuja, Ram, Criminology (2000), Rawat Publication, Jaipur.
- 9. Gill, S., The Pathology of Corruption (1998), Harper Collins, Ministry of Home Affairs, New Delhi.
- 10. Parsonage, William H., Perspective on Criminology (1979), Sage Publication, London.
- 11. Sutherland, Edwin H., and Donald R. Creasy, *Principles of Criminology* (1968), Times of India Press, Bombay.
- 12. Shankar Dass, Rani Dhawan, *Punishment and the Prison India and International Perspective* (2000), Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 13. Reid, Sue Titus, Crime in Criminology (1976), Deyden Press, Illinois.
- 14. Varshney, Ashutosh, *Ethnic Conflict and Civic Life Hindus and Muslims in India* (2003), Yale University Press, New Haven.
- 15. Williams, Frank P., and Marilyn D. McShane, *Criminological Theory* (1998), Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 16. Johnson, Harry M., Sociology A Systematic Introduction (2004), Allied Publishers, New Delhi.
- 17. Haralambos, P., and Heald, R.M., *Sociology Themes & Perspectives* (1997), Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 18. Haralambos & Halborn, Sociology Themes & Perspectives (2008), Collins, London.
- 19. Giddens, Anthony, *Sociology* (2013), Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

PAPER 15: CONTRACT II

Course Objectives

- To understand the general principles of indemnity and guarantee
- To analyse the principle of agency and legal interpretation
- To analyse and interpret Sale of Goods Act, Specific Relief Act, Indian Partnership Act along with judicial decisions pertaining to the concepts

UNIT I

Contract of Indemnity – Documents/Agreements of Indemnity - Definition, Nature and Scope-Rights of indemnity holder – Commencement of the indemnifier's liability – Contract of Guarantee – Definition, Nature and Scope – Difference between Contract of indemnity and Guarantee – Rights of surety – Discharge of Surety – Extent of Surety's liability – Co-surety. Contract of Bailment – Definition – Kinds – Duties of Bailer and Bailee - Rights of Finder of goods as Bailee – Liability towards true owner – Rights to dispose off thegoods. Contract of pledge – Definition – Comparison with Bailment – Rights and duties of Pawnor and Pawnee

UNIT II

Agency – Definition – Creation of Agency – Kinds of Agents – Distinction between Agent and Servant – Rights and Duties of Agent – Relation of Principal with third parties – Delegation Duties and Rights of Agent – Extent of Agents authority – Personal liability of Agent – Termination of Agency.

UNIT III

Indian Partnership Act – Definition – Nature, Mode of determining the existence of Partnership – Relation of Partner to one another – Rights and duties of partner – Relation of partners with third parties – Types of partners – Admission of partners – Retirement – Expulsion – Dissolution of Firm – Registration of Firms.

UNIT IV

Sale of Goods Act – The Contract of sale – Conditions and Warranties – Passing of property – Transfer of title – Performance of the Contract – Rights of Unpaid Seller against goods – Remedies for Breach of Contract

UNIT V

Hire Purchase Act 1972 – Rights and Obligation of the Hirer and Owner, Form and contents of Hire Purchase Agreements, Warranties and Conditions - Standard Form of Contracts:

Nature, Advantages – Unilateral Character, Principles of Protection against the possibility of exploitation – Judicial Approach to such Contracts – Exemption Clauses – Clash between two standard forms of contracts.

- 1 Avtar Singh, Law of Contract.
- 2 J.P. Verma, The Law of Partnership in India.
- 3 Saharay H.K., Indian Partnership and Sale of Goods Act.
- 4 Krishnan Nair, Law of Contract.
- 5 Hire Purchase Act.
- 6 Rubington & Weinberg, *The Study of Social Problems: Five Perspectives* (1977), Oxford University Press, Oxford.

PAPER 16: CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - I

Course Objectives

- To understand the Constitution and its History.
- To understand Fundamental rights and its application to analyse its application.
- To understand the concept of Secularism and its application and also able to know about Fundamental Duties to evaluate it with Fundamental Rights.

UNIT I

Constitutional Law-Constitutionalism- Rule of Law; Constitutional Law Making – Dr. B.R Ambedkar's Contribution - Objectives and Importance of Constitution; Sources of Indian Constitution; Nature and Salient Features of the Indian Constitution; Importance of Preamble; Citizenship

UNIT II

Introduction: Concept Origin and Development; Magna Carta 1215 to The Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948; Need for Fundamental Rights in India; Definition of State (Article 12); Judicial Review- Justifiability of Fundamental Rights (Article 13); Unconstitutionality of a Statute; Doctrine of Eclipse; Doctrine of Severability; Waiver of Fundamental Rights; Right to Equality (Articles 14-18); Equality Before Law and Equal Protection of Law (Article 14); Affirmative Action, Gender discrimination, Protective discrimination, Reverse discrimination.

UNIT III

Right to Freedom (Articles 19-22); Right to Freedom (Article 19); Freedom of Speech and Expression- Press, Right to Information; Protection Against Conviction (Article 20); Right to Life and Personal Liberty (Article 21); Right to Education (Article 21-A); Safeguards Against Arbitrary Arrest and Detention (Article 22); Right against Exploitation (Article 23-24). Freedom of Religion (25-28); Cultural and Educational Rights of Minorities (Articles 29-30).

UNIT IV

Kinds of Writs- Difference between Art 32 and 226; Right to Property, Article 300-A Article 31-A and the Saving Clause; Article 31-B and the Ninth Schedule; Exception to Article 13;

UNIT V

Directive Principles of State Policy. Interrelationship between Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles – Judicial Balancing. Directive Principles and Fundamental Rights Distinguished; Directive Principles and Fundamental Rights—Fundamental Duties. Constituent Power of Parliament (Article 368); Limitations upon Constitutional Power; Doctrine of Basic Structure-Judicial Activism and Judicial Restraint.

- 1 Singh, M.P., and Shukla, V.N., Constitution of India, 10th ed., Lucknow: Eastern Book Co., 2001.
- 2 Basu, D.D., Constitutional Law of India, 7th ed., Nagpur: Wadhwa, 1998.
- 3 Jain, M.P., Indian Constitutional Law, 5th ed., Nagpur: Wadhwa & Co., 2003.
- 4 P. Ishwar Bhat, Fundamental Rights A Study of their Interrelationship.
- 5 Seervai, H.M., *Constitutional Law of India: A Critical Commentary*, 3 vols., 4th ed., New Delhi: Universal Law Publishers, 2006.
- 6 Lok Sabha Secretariat, Constituent Assembly Debates, 5 vols., New Delhi: Lok Sabha Secretariat.
- 7 Chandrachud, Y.V., *Durga Das Basu Shorter Constitution of India*, 13th ed., Nagpur: Wadhwa & Co., 2005.
- 8 Austin, Granville, *Working a Democratic Constitution: A History of the Indian Experience*, New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999.
- 9 Rao, Shiva, The Framing of India's Constitution, 6 vols., New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing, 2004.
- 10 Tribe, Lawrence, American Constitution, 3rd ed., New York: Foundation Press, 2000.
- 11 Swarup, Jagdish, Constitution of India, 2 vols., 2nd ed., New Delhi: Modern Law Publications

SEMESTER IV

PAPER 17: ECONOMICS IV -ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF INDIA

Course Objectives

- To understand major challenges towards the Indian economic growth and Development such as Poverty, Unemployment, and Demographic Issues;
- To review achievement and failures of planning commission;
- To analyze the trends in Indian Agriculture and productivity related aspects;

UNIT I: Introduction to India Economy

India as a developing economy , Demographic Features of Indian Economy a) Size and growth rate of population b) Density of population c) Rural and Urban distribution of population d) Age and sex Composition of population Poverty and Unemployment in India – Meaning, Extent, Causes and Poverty alleviation and employment generation programs in India. Planning in India – Objectives, achievements and failures.

UNIT II: Indian Agriculture

Role of agriculture in economic development, Low Agricultural Productivity – Causes and measures of increasing it, Land Reforms Legislation. Green Revolution: Meaning, objectives, merits and demerits. Agricultural Marketing in India: Types, Defects and government measures to improve, Sources of Agricultural Finance in India, Farmers' Suicides in India: causes and solutions, Changes in the share of agriculture to GDP.... Reasons and way forward

UNIT III: Indian Industry and Service Sector

Need for industrialization, Industrial Policy – Brief history and industrial policy of 1956, 1991 and special emphasis on MAKE IN INDIA. Small scale and Cottage Industries of India: Importance, Problems and government measures. MNCS – Role and Problems, Performance of MSME in India, Industrial Disputes: Causes and methods of settlement.

UNIT IV: Banking and Foreign Trade.

Nationalization of Commercial Banks – Objectives and Performance, A review on Monetary Policy of RBI, Banking Sector Reforms in India, Volume, Composition and Direction of India's foreign trade. Disequilibrium in B.O.P. of India – Causes and Corrective measures, New EXIM Policy.

UNIT V: Economic Reforms and Governance.

New Economic Policy (LPG): An Assessment, NITI Ayog, Covid - 19 Pandemic and Atmanirbhar Bharat Abhiyan 'One Tax One Nation' in India UPI and its performance in India.

- 1. R. Dutt and K.P.M. Sundaram, *Indian Economy* (2007), S. Chand and Co., New Delhi.
- 2. S.K. Mishra and U.K. Puri, *Indian Economy* (2006), Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 3. I.D. Dhingra, *Indian Economy* (2006), S. Chand and Co., New Delhi.
- 4. Dhingra, I.C., Indian Economy (2002), S. Chand, New Delhi.
- 5. Agarwal, A.N., *Indian Economy: Problems of Development and Planning*, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, Twenty Third Edition, 2007.
- 6. Myneni, S.R., *India Economics for Law Students*, Allahabad Law Agency, Faridabad, First Edition, 2006.
- 7. Sury, M.M. (Ed.), Economic Planning in India, Tax Publishers, New Delhi, 2006.
- 8. Misra, S.K., and V.K. Puri, *Indian Economy: Its Development Experience* (2007), Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai

PAPER 18: ENVIRONMENTAL LAW

Course Objectives

- To examine the law relating to environment protection.
- To be aware of the public and political need to sustain and protect environment our world which has led to a growth of environmental legislation at local, national and international level.
- To analyse the process of seeking remedy for environmental pollution and seeking remedy for violation of right to clean environment.

UNIT I

Introduction to Environmental Law- Environment Law-Environment, Meaning, Definition, Pollution- kinds, causes, and consequences, Environmental Law- Conceptualization, historical perspectives- Pre and Post-Independence, CPC, , English Common Law (3 BNSS criminal code)

UNIT II

International Laws and Constitutional Provisions for the Protection of Environment- Stockholm Conference, UNCED, Kyoto Protocol, Montreal Protocol, Convention on Wet lands. Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties – State and individuals, Directive Principles

UNIT III

Statutory Provisions and Rules for Environment Protection-Environment (Protection) Act and Regulations, Notifications, Water Act, Air Act, Biodiversity Act, Indian Forest Act, Forest (Protection) Act, Wildlife Protection Act, Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act (BIO ethics & Animal Welfare); The Plant Varieties Act.

UNIT IV

Environmental Policies- National Conservation Strategy and Policy Statement on Environment and Development, 1992, Policy Statement for the Abatement of Pollution1992, National Environment Policy, 2006, Environment Audit, Eco Mark, Eco- consumerism, Eco- tourism, Corporate Social Responsibility(CSR); Public Participation Environmental regulation on Bio medical waste; decision making; environment information, public hearing

UNIT V

Judiciary and Environment Protection-Public Interest Litigation (PIL), Doctrines and Principles evolved by Judiciary, National Green Tribunal Act, 2010.

- 1. Aarmin Rosencranz et al. (eds.) Environmental Law and Policy in India (2000), Oxford.
- 2. Kailash Thakur Environmental Protection Law and Policy in India (1997), Deep & Deep Publications, New Delhi.
- 3. Leelakrishnan, P et al. (eds.) Law and Environment, Eastern, Lucknow.
- 4. Leelakrishnan, P The Environmental Law in India, Butterworths India.
- 5. S. Shantha Kumar Introduction to Environmental Law.
- 6. Simon Ball and Stuart Bell Environmental Law.
- 7. Indrajith Dube Environmental Jurisprudence Polluters Liability.
- 8. Jariwala C.M. Environmental Justice.
- 9. Katiyar Environmental Concerns, Depleting Resources and Sustainable Development.
- 10. Jaiswal Paramjit S. Environmental Protection Sustainable Development and the Law.
- 11. Nandimath O.V. Handbook of Environmental Decision Making in India: An EIA Model.
- 12. Sands Phillippe Principles of International Environmental Laws.
- 13. Khitoliya R.K. Environment Protection and the Law.
- 14. Geethanjali Chandra Public Interest Litigation and Environment Protection.

PAPER 19: CONSTITUTIONAL LAW - II

Course Objectives

- To understand the form of Government- Parliamentary and Presidential.
- To understand the Parliamentary democracy and its structure
- To understand the contemporary status of center-state relations.
- To generate understanding of methods of amendment in the constitution of India
- To apply principle of Judicial review through Precedents.

UNIT I

President of India; Powers and Functions, Vice-President, Legislative Powers, Advisory Jurisdiction- Governors Appointment, Powers and Functions- Council of Ministers – collective responsibility and individual responsibility, Position of Prime Minister and Chief Minister-Legislative Privilege-Fundamental Rights

UNIT II

Federal System: Indian Federalism, Identification of Federal Features, challenges to Indian Federalism - Co-operative Federalism. Distribution of Power between Centre and State Legislature: Principles of Interpretation of Lists (Territorial nexus, Pith and Substances, Colorable Legislation, Harmonious construction). Administrative Powers: Interstate water dispute-Financial

Distribution (Financial Commission).

UNIT III

Appointment of Judges of Supreme Court- Different kinds of Jurisdiction- Original and Appellate Jurisdiction, Special Leave Petition- Advisory Jurisdiction- Writ Jurisdictions of Supreme Court and High Courts. Judicial Review- Nature and Scope.

UNIT IV

Tortious and Contractual liability of State- Freedom of Trade and Commerce and Intercourse – Emergency National, State and Financial, Suspension of Fundamental rights- Ninth schedule of the Constitution.

UNIT V

Recruitment and conditions of service- Doctrine of pleasure- Protection against arbitrary

dismissal, removal or reduction in rank (Art.311)-Exceptions to Article 311- Administrative tribunals

- 1. Singh, M. P., and V. N. Shukla. *Constitution of India*. 11th ed. Lucknow: Eastern Book Co., 2010.
- 2. Basu, D. D. Constitutional Law of India. 7th ed. Nagpur: Wadhwa, 1998.
- 3. Jain, M. P. *Indian Constitutional Law*. 6th ed. Nagpur: Lexis Nexis ButterworthsWadhwa, 2010.
- 4. Seervai, H. M. Constitutional Law of India: A Critical Commentary. 3 vols. 4th ed.New Delhi: Universal Law Publishers, 2006.
- 5. Lok Sabha Secretariat. *Constituent Assembly Debates*. 5 Vols. New Delhi: Lok SabhaSecretariat.
- 6. Chandrachud, Y. V. Durga Das Basu *Shorter Constitution of India*. 13th ed. Nagpur:Wadhwa & Co., 2005.
- 7. Austin, Granville. Working a Democratic Constitution: A History of the Indian Experience. New Delhi: Oxford University Press, 1999.
- 8. Basu, D. D. *Casebook on Indian Constitution*. 2nd ed. Kolkata: Kamal Law House, 2007.
- 9. Tribe, Lawrence. American Constitution. 3rd ed. New York: Foundation Press, 2000.
- 10. Rao, Shiva. *The Framing of India's Constitution*. 6 Vols. New Delhi: Universal Law Publishing, 2004.
- 11. Swarup, Jagdish. *Constitution of India*. 2 Vols. 2nd ed. New Delhi: Modern Law Publications.

PAPER 20: INTERPRETATION OF STATUTES

Course Objectives

- 1. To acquaint knowledge in minds of the students with basic principles of interpretation.
- 2. To focus on general and specific rules of interpretation of statutes.
- 3. To understand the internal and external aids for interpretation of statutes and contains the rules regulating commencement, operation and repeal of statutes.

UNIT I

Principles of Legislation- Law making - the legislature, executive and the judiciary- Principle of utility-Relevance of John Rawls and Robert Nozick theories - individual interest to community interest-Operation of these principles upon legislation- Distinction between morals and legislation; Interpretation of Statutes- Meaning of the term 'statutes'- Commencement, operation and repeal of statutes- Purpose of interpretation of statutes.

UNIT II

Aids to Interpretation- Internal aids- Title- Preamble- Headings and marginal notes- Sections and sub sections- Punctuation marks- Illustrations, exceptions, provisos and saving clauses- Schedules- Non-obstante clause- External aids- Dictionaries- Translations- Travaux Preparatiores- Statutes in pari material - Contemporanea Exposito- Debates, inquiry commission reports and Law Commission reports .

UNIT III

Rules of Statutory Interpretation- Primary Rules- Literal rule- Golden rule- Mischief rule (rule in the Heydon's case)- Rule of harmonious construction- Secondary Rules- Noscitur a sociis-Ejusdem generis- Reddendo singula singulis; Presumptions in statutory interpretation- Statutes are valid- Statutes are territorial in operation- Presumption against what is inconvenient or absurd- Presumption against intending injustice- Presumption against impairing obligations or permitting advantage from one's own wrong- Prospective operation of statutes.

UNIT IV

Maxims of Statutory Interpretation- Delegatus non-potest delegare- Expressio unius exclusio alterius- Generalia specialibus non derogant- In pan delicto potior est conditio possidentis-Utres valet potior quampareat- Expressum facit cessare taciturn- In bonam partem; Interpretation with reference to the subject matter and purpose- Restrictive and beneficial construction- Taxing statutes- Penal statutes- Welfare legislation- Interpretation of substantive and adjunctive statute- Interpretation of directory and mandatory provisions- Interpretation of enabling statutes- Interpretation of codifying and consolidating statutes- Interpretation of statutes conferring rights- Interpretation of statutes conferring powers.

UNIT V

Principles of Constitutional Interpretation- Harmonious construction- Doctrine of pith and substance- Colourable legislation- Ancillary powers- "Occupied field"- Residuary power- Doctrine of repugnancy.

- 1 Singh, G. P. Principles of Statutory Interpretation. 7th ed. Wadhwa, Nagpur, 1999.
- 2 Langan, P. St. (Ed.). Maxwell on the Interpretation of Statutes. 1976.
- 3 Tripathi, N. M., Bombay, and Shanmukham, K. *Bindra's Interpretation of Statutes*. The Law Book Co., Allahabad, 1997.
- 4 Sarathi, V. Interpretation of Statutes. Eastern, Lucknow, 1984.
- 5 Jain, M. P. Constitutional Law of India. Wadhwa & Co., 1994.
- 6 Singh, M. P. (Ed.). V. N. Sukla's Constitution of India. Eastern, Lucknow, 1994.
- 7 Baxi, U. Introduction to Justice.
- 8 Mathew, K. K. Democracy Equality and Freedom. Eastern, Lucknow, 1978.

PAPER – 22 LAW OF CRIME- I – BHARATIYA NYAYA SANHITA, 2023

COURSE OBJECTIVES

- To Comprehend the Evolution of Indian Criminal Law
- To Analyze Key Provisions of the Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita 2023
- To Compare Indian Penal Code and Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita 2023

UNIT - I

General Principles of Crime; Concept of Crime; Distinction between Crime and other wrongs under common Law; Crime and Morality distinction-Circumstances when morality amounts to crime; State responsibility to detect, control and punish crime; Principles of criminal liability- Actus reus and mens rea (also statutory offences) and other maxims; Variation in Liability- Mistake, intoxication, compulsion, legally abnormal person; Possible parties to crime-Principal in the I degree, Principal in the II degree, Accessories before the fact, Accessories after the fact; History of Criminal law in India-Silent features of Indian Penal Code.

UNIT-II

Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita- Scope and Applicability [Section 1]; Definitions [Section 2]; General Explanation [Section 3]; Punishments [Section 4-13]; General Exceptions [Sections 14-44]; Abatement [Sections 45-60]; Criminal Conspiracy [Section 61]; Attempt [Section 62]; Offences against Women and Child- Rape and aggravated forms of rape [Sections 63-73]; Criminal Force and Assault against Woman [Sections 74-79]; Offences relating to marriage [Sections 80-87]; Causing miscarriage, etc. [Sections 88-92]; Offences against child [Sections 93-99].

UNIT-III

Offences affecting the Human Body-Culpable Homicide and Murder [Sections 100-105, 109,110]; Causing death by Negligence [Section 106]; Abetment of suicide Sections [107-108]; Organised Crime [Sections 111-112]; Terrorist Act [Section 113]; Hurt, Grievous Hurt- Wrongful restraint-Wrongful Confinement-Criminal Force and Assault [Sections 114-136]; Kidnapping Abduction, Slavery and Forced Labour [Sections 137-146].

UNIT-IV

Offences against State [Sections 147-158]; Offences relating to Elections [Section 169-177]; Offences relating to Coin, Currency-notes, Bank Notes and Government Stamps [Sections 178-188]; Offences against Public Tranquility [Sections 189-197]; Offences by or relating to Public Servants [Sections 198-205]; Contempt of the Lawful authority of Public Servants [Sections 206-226]; False Evidence and Offences against Public Justice [Sections 227-269]; Offences affecting the Public Health, Safety, Convenience, Decency and Morals [Sections 270-297];

UNIT-V

Offences against Property- Theft, Extortion, Robbery, Dacoity, Criminal Misappropriation of Property, Criminal Breach of Trist, receiving of Stolen Property, Cheating, Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property [Sections 303-323] Mischief [Sections 324-328]; Criminal Trespass [Sections 329-334]; Offences relating to documents and property marks [Sections 335-350]; Criminal Intimidation, Insult, Annoyance, Defamation etc. [Sections 351-357].

- 1. Rathanlal and Dhirajlal. Indian Penal Code.
- 2. Williams, Glanville. Criminal Law.
- 3. Kenny. Outlines of English Criminal Law.
- 4. Gaur, K. D. A Text Book on the Indian Penal Code.
- 5. Pillai, P. S. Achuthan. Criminal Law

SEMESTER V

PAPER 22: ECONOMICS V – MICROECONOMICS

Course Objectives

- To Understand the role of micro economics as an essential approach towards the economic interpretation;
- To Analyzes the Consumer and Producer behavior in the market conditions with relation to pricing, cost, production, marketing, competition;
- To Describe markets equilibrium of different markets through various graphs
- To Understand the theories related to factor payments like rent, wages, interest and profit;

UNIT I: Exploring Microeconomics

Different approaches to the study of Economics : Micro & Macro ; Micro Economics : Meaning, scope, importance and Limitations ; Economic of Statics and Dynamics : Meaning and limitations

UNIT II: Demand and Supply

Law of Demand: Exceptions, Changes in demand, extension and contraction, increase and decrease in Demand, factors determining demand. Elasticity of Demand – Meaning, Types and Measurement. Law of Supply and Elasticity of Supply Consumer's equilibrium under indifference curve analysis, price effect, Income - effect and Substitution effect.

UNIT III: Production theory

Production: Meaning, types, short-run and long-run production function Cost analysis: cost function, short run and long run cost curves; Revenue and revenue curves under different market conditions, Law of returns to scale: increasing, constant and diminishing returns

UNIT IV: Product Pricing

Price and output determination under perfect competition market in short run and long run. Price and output determination under monopoly market Pricing under discriminating Monopoly, Price and output determination under monopolistic competition

UNIT V: Factor Pricing

Factor pricing under perfect and imperfect markets, Modern theory of Rent and Quasi - Rent

Modern theory of wages: Perfect labor market, Loanable funds theory of interest, Risk and uncertainty theory of profit

- 1 Koutsoyiannis, A. Modern Micro Economics. Macmillan Press, London, 1979.
- 2 Stigler, G. Theory of Price. Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1996.
- 3 Varian, H. Micro Economic Analysis. W.W. Norton, New York, 2000.
- 4 Ahuja, H. L. *Advanced Economics Theory: Micro Economic Analysis*. S. Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi, 2007.
- 5 Stonier, A., and Hague, D. A Textbook of Economic Theory.
- 6 Samuelson, P. A., and Nogardus, W. A Textbook of Economics.
- 7 Seth, M. L. Micro-Economics.
- 8 Jingan, M. L. Micro-Economic Theory.

PAPER 23: LEGAL THEORY

Course Objectives

- To understand the relevance of Law;
- To utilize the basis of Jurisprudence in court practice;
- To learn about interpreting the Laws;

UNIT I

Meaning of the term 'Jurisprudence' - Norms and the Normative system- Different types of normative systems, such as of games, languages, religious orders, unions, clubs and customary practice- Legal system as a normative order; similarities and differences of the legal system with other normative systems.

UNIT II

Nature and definitions of law- Analytical Positivism - Natural law - Historical school-Sociological school; Economic interpretation of law; The Bharat jurisprudence; Concept of 'Dharma' – development of law and PIL- social justice- compensatory jurisprudence.

UNIT III

Purpose of Law & Justice - Meaning and kinds - Justice and law; approaches of different schools - Power of the Supreme Court of India to do complete justice in a case - Article 142. Critical studies - Feminist jurisprudence; Sources of Law- Legislation, Precedents; concept of stare decisis, Customs, Juristic writings.

UNIT IV

Legal Rights- the Concept- Rights- kinds - Right duty correlation — Persons- Nature of personality; Status of the unborn, minor, lunatic, drunken and dead persons; Corporate personality- Dimensions of the modern legal personality; Legal personality of non-human beings- idols etc.

UNIT V

Concept of Possession and Ownership – Kinds and difference, Titles- creation – acquisition, destruction. Property; Concept and Kinds of property; Liability- conditions –civil and criminal, vicarious liability, negligence, intention, malice. Obligation; sources, nature and kinds. Procedure-Substantive and procedural –difference; Evidence- Nature and kinds

- 1 Bodenheimer. Jurisprudence—The Philosophy and Method of Law. Universal, Delhi, 1996.
- 2 Fitzgerald, (Ed.). Salmond on Jurisprudence. Tripathi, Bombay, 1999.
- 3 Friedmann, W. Legal Theory. Universal, Delhi, 1999.
- 4 Mahajan, V. D. Jurisprudence and Legal Theory. Eastern, Lucknow, 1996 (reprint).
- 5 Freeman, M. D. A. (Ed.). Lloyd's Introduction to Jurisprudence. Sweet & Maxwell, 1994.
- 6 Paton, G. W. Jurisprudence. Oxford, ELBS, 1972.
- 7 Hart, H. L. A. The Concept of Law. Oxford, ELBS, 1970.
- 8 Pond, Roscoe. Introduction to the Philosophy of Law. Universal, Delhi, 1998 (reprint).
- 9 Dias. Jurisprudence. Adithya Books, New Delhi, 1994 (First Indian reprint).
- 10 Dhyani, S. N. Jurisprudence: A Study of Indian Legal Theory. Metropolitan, New Delhi, 1985.

PAPER 24: FAMILY LAW I- HINDU LAW

Course Objectives

- To analyse Sources & School of Hindu Law
- To Appraise laws of Marriage and Divorce under the Hindu Law.
- To Examine the political, economic, social, and legal issues of Guardianship and adoption.
- To Recognize the role and importance of Recent trends in family Law

UNIT I

Introduction - Concept of Dharma - Sources of Hindu Law - Modern and Ancient - Importance of Dharma Shastra on Legislation - Two Principal Schools of Hindu Law - Application of Hindu Law.

UNIT II

Marriage and Kinship - Evolution of the Institution of Marriage and Family- Law Prior to Hindu Marriage Act -A detailed study of Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 - Matrimonial Remedies Maintenance and Alimony; Customary Practices and legislative provisions relating to dowry prohibition.

UNIT III

Hindu undivided family – Mitakshara Joint Family - Formation and Incidents - Property under both Schools – Kartha: His Position, Powers, Privileges and Obligations - Debts – Doctrine of Pious Obligation - Partition and Reunion –Religious and Charitable Endowments.

UNIT IV

Inheritance and Succession - Historical perspective of traditional Hindu Law relating to Inheritance - A detailed study of Hindu Succession Act, 1956. Stridhana- Woman's Property - Recent State and Central Amendments to Hindu Succession Act; Gifts and Testamentary Succession – Wills.

UNIT V

Law relating to Hindu Minority and Guardianship: Kinds of Guardians; Duties & Powers of Guardians; A detailed study of Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956; Maintenance: Traditional Rights and Rights under Hindu Adoption & Maintenance Act 1956-Rules relating to adoption.

- 1. Paras Diwan Modern Hindu Law
- 2. Mulla Principles of Hindu Law
- 3. Paras Diwan Law of Adoption, Ministry Guardianship's custody
- 4. J. D. M. Derrett Hindu Law Past and Present

PAPER 25: PROPERTY LAW

Course Objectives

- To Interpret the laws relating to the Transfer of Property Act.
- To Identify, implement, and develop basic understanding of the Easements Act, The Indian Stamp Act and The Registration Act.
- To Evaluate and analyze the general principles relating to transfer of property and the rules relating to specific transfers like mortgage and gift

UNIT I

General principles of Transfer of Property by Act of parties intervivos-Concept and meaning of immovable property-Transferable Immovable Property- Persons Competent to transfer - Operation of Transfer- Conditions Restraining Alienation and Restrictions Repugnant to the interest created- Rule Against Perpetuity and exceptions- Direction for accumulation- Vested and Contingent interest.

UNIT II

Doctrine of Election- Transfer by Ostensible Owner. Transfer by Co-Owner- Apportionment-Priority of rights- Rent paid to holder under defective title- Improvements made by bonafide holder- Doctrine of Lis pendens- Fraudulent transfer and Part Performance.

UNIT III

Mortgages of Immovable property: Definition- Kinds of mortgages and their features- Rights and liabilities of mortgagor and mortgagee- Priority of securities- Marshalling and contribution- Charges.

UNIT IV

Sale of immovable property: Rights and liabilities of seller and buyer before and after completion of sale- Difference between sale and contract for sale; Leases of immovable property -Definition- Scope- creation of lease- rights and liabilities of lessor and lessee-Determination and holding over; Exchange: Definition and mode- Actionable Claims; Gifts: Scope- meaning mode of transfer- universal gifts- onerous gifts.

UNIT V

Indian Registration Act 1908, Indian Stamps Act 1899, Indian Easement Act 1882

- 1. Mulla Transfer of Property Act, 1882.
- 2. Subbarao *Transfer of Property*

- 3. Shah Principles of the Law of Property
- 4. Shukla Transfer of Property Act
- 5. Menon Property Law

PAPER 26: LAW RELATING TO WOMEN AND CHILD

Course Objectives

- To acquaint students with Offences against women, Women empowerment and Law relating to child.
- To improve the student's ability in understanding the crime against women, causation and its prevention.
- To introduce the students the Role of statutory bodies and society for prevention of crimes against women.
- To give the knowledge about the Exploitation of child in various field

UNIT-I

Women in Pre- Constitutional Period; Social and Legal inequality; Social Reform Movement in India-Karachi Congress-Legislative response in India; Women and Children in Post-Constitutional Period- Provisions of Constitution of India- Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles- Legislative measures for woman and children.

UNIT-II

Property rights of Women-Women and Social Legislations- Dowry Prohibition Law- Sex Determination Test- Medical Termination of Pregnancy -Law relating to Prevention of Immoral Trafficking; Law relating to Sexual Harassment at working places.

UNIT-III

Women and Criminal Law; Adultery, Rape, Outraging the Modesty of Women, Kidnapping, Sati Prohibition Law; Law relating to Domestic Violence; Law relating to Eve-teasing; Indecent Representation of Women Act; Criminal Law Amendment Act, 2013; Child and Criminal Liability- Crimes committed by child-Implementation of Social Policy- Variation of procedure in case of child offender- Statutory provisions- Offences against child; The Protection of Children from Sexual Offences Act, 2012.

UNIT-IV

Women and Employment- Factories Act Provisions relating to women; Maternity Benefit Act; Equal Remuneration Act- Legal Control of Child Labour; Regulation on employment- ILO-National Commission of Labour- Legislations relating to factories, plantation labour, mines, merchant shipping, motor transport workers, apprentices, shop and establishments and child labour.

UNIT-V

Composition- powers and functions of National Commission for Woman and State Commission for Woman- Commissions for Protection of Child Rights (CPCR) Act, 2005-Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993-Public Interest Litigation-Epistolary Jurisdiction-Judicial Activism - International concerns and conventions relating women and child.

- 1 Gandhi, M. K. *To the Women* (ed. Hingorani). 1941. Position of Women. *Tear Down the Purdah*, p. 213, Young India, 1918.
- 2 Nehru, Jawaharlal. *Thoughts on Women Economic Bondage of Indian Women* (Produced Memorial and Library).
- 3 7th Plan. Ch. 14 Socio-economic Programmes for Women.
- 4 Relevant Case Law.
- 5 Revasia, S., and Revasia, M. Women, Social Justice & Human Rights. H.P. Publishing, New Delhi, 1998.
- 6 Agnes, Flavia. Law as Gender Inequality. Oxford, New Delhi, 1999.
- 7 Sumithra Vishnu v. Union of India, 1985 SC 1618.
- 8 42nd Report Law Commission, the Dissenting Note of Justice Anna Chandy on Provision of Adultery, p. 366.
- 9 Towards Equality Report of the Committee on the Status of Women (Govt. of India). Chapters IV & Section IV General Conclusions & Recommendations.
- 10 Balram. Women Workers and Labour Legislation in India. 1984. (2) I.L.J. 1527.
- 11 Sarkar, Lotika. The Law Commission of India. 1988.
- 12 Indian Law Institute. Child and the Law (ed. S. N. Jain). 1979.
- 13 Baxi, U. Law and Poverty: Critical Essays. Eastern, Lucknow, 1988.
- 14 Misra, Preethi. *Domestic Violence Against Women: Legal Control and Judicial Response*. Deepa and Deepa Publications Pvt Ltd, Rajouri Garden, New Delhi, 2007.
- 15 Singh, Indu Prakash. Women, Law and Social Change in India. Radiant Publishers, New Delhi, 1989

PAPER27: BANKINGLAW

Course Objectives

- To provide the student an understanding of legal and regulatory aspects of banking.
- To make the students understand the conceptual and legal parameters including the judicial interpretation of banking law.
- To make the students aware about new emerging dimensions in banking system including e-commerce and e-banking

UNIT-I

Indian Banking Structure - Origin - Evolution of Banking Institutions - Types and functions of banks - Commercial banks - Functions - Banking Companies in India - RBI - Constitution, Management and Functions - Banking Regulation Act, 1949 - State Bank of India - UTI, IDBI,RRBs'-Local banks

UNIT-II

Employment of funds - Loans and Advances- Guarantees- Advances secured by Collateral securities- Agency Services- Financing of Exports- Special Banking Services - Advances to Priority Sectors and Credit Guarantee schemes-Securitisation Act, 2002.

UNIT-III

Law relating to Negotiable Instruments, 1881 Act (Read with the amended Act of 2002) -Negotiable Instruments - Kinds - Holder and holder in due course - Parties - Negotiation-Assignment - Presentment - Endorsement - Liability of parties - Payment in due course - Special rules of evidence - Material alteration - Noting and protest - Paying banker and collecting banker-Bills in sets-Penal provisions under N I Act-Banker's book evidence Act. Overview of Insolvency and bankruptcy code

UNIT-IV

Banker and customer Relationship-Definition of banker and customer–General relationship - Special relationship - Banker's duty of secrecy, banker's duty to honour cheques, banker's lien, and banker's right to set off – Appropriation of payments- Garnishee order - Customer's duties towards his banker.

Opening of New Accounts – Special types of customers - Minor's A/C, Joint A/C, Partnership A/C, Company's A/C, Married women's A/C, Trust A/C, Joint Hindu family A/C – Illiterate persons, lunatics, executors - Precautions required in case of administrators, clubs, societies and charitable institutions to open an account

UNIT-V

Ancillary Services and E-Banking: Remittances General, DD, MT, TT, Traveler's cheques, bank orders, credit card, debit / smart cards, safe deposit vaults, gift cheques, stock invest, E-Banking-Definition—E-Banking includes -Internet banking, mobile banking, ATM banking, computerized banking—E-banking services—retail services—whole sale services E-Cheque-authentication-Cyber Evidence-Banking Ombudsman.

- 1 Tannan, M. L. Law of Banking.
- 2 Parthasarathy, M. S. (Ed.). Khergamvala Negotiable Instruments Act.
- 3 Banerjee, Justice Bhaghabati Prasad. Guide to Securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002.
- 4 Singh, Avtar. Negotiable Instruments Act.
- 5 Basu. Review of Current Banking: Theory and Practice.
- 6 Paget. Law of Banking.
- 7 Goyle, L. C. The Law of Banking and Bankers.
- 8 Relevant Provisions of Information Technology Act, 2000.
- 9 Khatavkar, Pranav. Commentary on The Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016. Current Publications.

SEMESTER VI

PAPER 28 : ECONOMICS VI – MACROECONOMICS Course Objectives

- To study and analyse the economic aggregates like total output, savings, investments, national income etc and their relation in an economy;
- To acquire the knowledge of unemployment and related theories;
- To review the effects and consequences of trade cycles on economic growth and development;

UNIT I: Introduction to Macro Economy and NI

Macro Economics: Meaning, nature, scope, importance and limitations, Macroeconomic goals and policy instruments, National income accounting: Importance, methods and precautions in estimation, Social Accounting: Meaning, components and importance, Circular Flow of income and its importance

UNIT II: Theories of Income and Employment

Classical theory of Employment, Consumption function and Keynesian Psychological law of consumption, Savings and investment theory, Keynes Investment Multiplier theory, Keynesian theory of employment and Principle of Effective Deman, iquidity preference theory of interest.

UNIT III: Trade Cycle

Meaning, features, causes and Phases of Trade Cycles, Economic depression of 1930 and Keynesian revolution, Hawtrey's theory of trade cycle, Schumpeter's innovation theory of trade cycle, Effects and Controlling measures of trade cycle

UNIT IV: Taxation

Meaning and characteristics of a good tax system, Direct and Indirect tax: merit and de-merits with examples, Principles of taxation – progressive, regressive and proportional, Impact, incidence and shifting of tax, Effects of tax on production and distribution, Significance and impacts of GST in India

UNIT V: Public Expenditure and Debt

Meaning and types of Public Expenditure, Reasons for increase in public expenditure in recent years. Effects of public expenditure on production and distribution, Meaning, purpose, sources, burden of public debt and methods of repayment.

- 1. Gupta, R. D. Introduction to Keynesian Economics. Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana, 1998.
- 2. Gupta, R. D., and Rana, A. S. *Post-Keynesian Economics*. Kalyani Publishers, Ludhiana, 1998.
- 3. Ackley, G. Macroeconomics: Theory and Policy. Macmillan, New York, 1978.
- 4. Musgrave, R. A., and Musgrave, P. B. *Public Finance in Theory and Practice*. McGraw Hill Kogakusha, Tokyo, 1976.
- 5. Phatia, H. L. Public Finance. Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 2000.
- 6. Dwivedi, D. N. *Macroeconomics*. Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2006.
- 7. Shapiro, Edward. *Macroeconomic Analysis*. Galgotia Publications Private Limited, New Delhi, 2007.
- 8. Seth, M. L. Macroeconomics.
- 9. Jingan. Macroeconomics.
- 10. Ahuja, H. L. Macroeconomics Theory.
- 11. Dellard, Dedly. Economics of J. M. Keynes.
- 12. Gupta and Verma. Keynes and Post-Keynesian Economics.
- 13. Mithani, D. M. Fundamentals of Public Finance.
- 14. Seth, M.L. Macroeconomics.

PAPER 29: ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

Course Objectives

- To understand the historical development and significance of Administrative Law from ancient to modern era.
- To help them understand the coherence between the Constitutional Law and Administrative Law.
- To be acquainted with changing dimension of Administrative Action in various countries.
- To help them in understanding comparative approaches towards Rule Making Power and constitutionality of Delegated Legislation& Mechanism to control rule making power.

UNIT I

Evolution -Meaning, Definition and scope, development of Administrative Law-Relationship between Constitutional Law And Administrative Law-Rule of Law-Separation of Powers- conseil d'état- Classification of Administration Action- functions- Administrative Direction and Discretion.

UNIT II

Meaning and Definition of Delegated Legislation-Constitutionality of Delegated |Legislation-Advantages and Disadvantages of Delegated Legislation-Legislative Control of Delegated Legislation-Judicial control of Delegated Legislation-Sub-Delegation- Administrative Tribunals- Nature, Constitution, Jurisdiction and Procedure and distinction between quasi-judicial and administrative functions-Principles of Natural Justice - Rule of Audi Alterm Partem- Rule against Bias-Reasoned Decision-Right to Counsel -Administrative Appeals-Institutional Decisions - Violation of principles of Natural justice- Exclusion of the Principles of Natural Justice.

UNIT III

Judicial Control of Administrative Action--grounds for judicial control of Administrative Action-Remedies in Judicial Review- Writs, Principles and Procedure - Public Law Review and Private Law Review of Administration action- Liability of State – Torts, Contract - Promissory Estoppel -Government Privileges- Doctrine of Legitimate expectation- Doctrine of

Accountability- Doctrine of Waiver- Doctrine of Proportionality- Specific performance and civil suits for compensation- Statutory appeals

UNIT IV

Administrative Discretion -need for administrative discretion- limitations for exercise of administrative discretion- Malafide exercise of discretion- non exercise of Discretionary Power.

UNIT V

Corporations and Public undertaking- definitions features and control- Administrative reform commission (1st and 2nd Commission under Chairmanship of Shri Veerappa Moily) Commission of Enquiry-Ombudsman in India (Lokpal and Lokayuktha) - Central Vigilance Commission- Parliamentary Committees-Civil services in India -Accountability and responsibility- Problems and Perspectives Administrative Deviance - Corruption, Mal-Administration - Control mechanism of Accountability

- 1. M. P. Jain & S. N. Jain Principles of Administrative Law.
- 2. C.K. Takwani Administrative law
- 3. Wade -Administrative Law.
- 4. De Smith Judicial Review of Administrative Action.
- 5. S. P. Sathe Administrative Law.
- 6. I.P. Massey Administrative Law.

PAPER 30: FAMILY LAW II: MAHOMEDAN LAW AND INDIAN SUCCESSION ACT

Course Objectives

- To comprehend codified and uncodified portions of Islamic civil law
- To be able to apply and interpret legal provisions relating to marriage, Divorce, maintenance, succession
- To understand the relevance of Family Courts Act and Indian Succession Act

UNIT I

Development of Islamic Law: Advent of Islam & development of Muslim Law, Schools of Islamic Law, the Shariat Act, 1937; Concept of Marriage: Definition, object, nature, essential requirements of a Muslim marriage, classification of marriage - Legal effects of valid, void and irregular marriage - Muta marriage; Sources of Islamic law; Customary practices and State regulation: Polygamy; Child marriage; Pre-emption; Wakf; Dower.

UNIT II

Conversion and its consequences on family: Marriage, Guardianship, Succession; Child and Family: Legitimacy, Custody, maintenance and education, Guardianship and parental rights.

UNIT III

Matrimonial Remedies under Islamic Law and Indian Divorce Act, 1869(Amended Act) - Nullity of marriage - Bar to matrimonial relief; Alimony and Maintenance: Alimony and Maintenance as an independent remedy- A review under Muslim law, Indian Divorce Act,1869, provisions under the Criminal Procedure Code, 1973; Maintenance of divorced Muslim Women under the Muslim Women (Protection of Rights on Divorce) Act, 1986 & judicial pronouncement.

UNIT IV

Gifts, Will and Inheritance: Will-Meaning, difference between will and gift, Will made in death bed or during illness; Muslim law of Inheritance- Shia and Sunni schools; Distribution of property under Indian Succession Act of 1925 (Of Christians, Parsis and Jews)- Domicile - Parsis Intestate succession and Non Parsis Intestate succession, Succession certificate, Probate and letters of administration, powers and duties of executor.

UNIT V

Wills – Privileged and unprivileged wills - Construction of Wills in brief - Void bequests, void wills, kinds of legacies - Protection of property of the deceased; Family Courts Act, 1984-Constitution, powers, and its functions; Need for Uniform Civil Code- Article 44 of Indian Constitution.

- 1. Mulla Principles of Mahomedan Law.
- 2. Paras Diwan Law of Intestate and Testamentary Succession.
- 3. B. B. Mitra Indian Succession Act, 1925.
- 4. A Fyzee Outlines of Mahomedan Law.
- 5. D. D. Basu Law of Succession.
- 6. Paras Diwan Family Law: Law of Marriage and Divorce in India.
- 7. M. Bhattachargee Muslim Law and the Constitution.
- 8. Tahir Mohamood Mahomedan Law.

PAPER 31: PUBLIC INTERNATIONAL LAW

Course Objectives

- To know about origin, development, and implementation of various international convention
- To examine the role of International Organizations in implementing the international laws
- To examine the jurisprudential doctrines, practices and legal instruments that have been instrumental in its formulation, development and functioning;
- To create awareness about the structures and characteristics of Public International Law with emphasis on specific areas of the discipline;

Unit I: International Law; Nature & Definition

Public International Law: Nature & Historical Development, Relationship between International Law and International Politics. Definitions of Public International Law. Sources of Public International Law. Relationship and difference between Public International Law and Municipal Law, Subjects of Public International Law: States, Individuals and international organization. Sanctions in International Law. Enforcement of International Law. Sovereignty in International Law: Historical development and Recent Challenges (Sovereignty as Responsibility, Subsidiary and the impact of Globalization)

Unit II: Succession, Intervention, Jurisdiction

Recognition-Definition of State Recognition, Recognition of Government, Theories of Recognition, Recognition De Jure and De Facto, The Duty to Recognize, Legal Effect of Recognition, Withdrawal of Recognition, Retroactive effect of Recognition. States Succession: Definition and Kinds of Succession, Consequences of States Succession, Succession in respect of International organization. Intervention: Definition, Grounds of Intervention, Intervention by Invitation, Prohibition on Intervention, Humanitarian Intervention and Responsibility to Protect (R2P). Jurisdiction: Meaning, Nature, Difference between sovereignty and jurisdiction. State Responsibility

Unit III State Territory & Law of Sea

State Territory: Concepts, Modes of Acquisitions, The Principle of uti possidites and Self Determination . Air Space: Various Theories, Concept of Airspace and law,Law of Sea: Historical Development, Grotius' Mare Liberum and The Concept of Open Sea and Closed Sea, Territorial Sea, Contiguous Zone, Continental Shelf, EEZ, High Seas, Land Locked States, Piracy, ITLOS.

Unit IV Extradition& International Criminal Law

Extradition: Definition, Purpose of Extradition, Legal Duty to Extradite Duty, Extradition of Political offender Doctrine of Double Criminality, Rule of Specialty. Diplomatic Agent: Meaning and Functions, Immunities and Privileges, Waiver of Immunity, Termination of Diplomatic Mission- Consuls: Meaning, function, privileges and immunities. Basic Principles of International Criminal Law.

Unit V

The United Nations Organisation- Principal organs and their functions; World Trade Organisation- Main features; International Labour Organisation.

- 1. Shaw, Malcolm. Public International Law. 7th ed. Cambridge Publications.
- 2. Harris, D. J. Cases and Materials on Public International Law. Sweet Maxwell Publications.
- 3. Malanczuk, Peter (Ed.). Modern Introduction to International Law. Routledge Publications, 1997.
- 4. Kolb, Robert. Theory of International Law. Hart Publications, 2016.
- 5. Singh, Dr. Rakesh K. Textbook on Public International Law. Universal Publications.
- 6. Jackson, Robert. *Introduction to International Relations: Theories and Approaches*. Oxford University Press, 1973.
- 7. Kelsen, Hans. Collective Security under International Law. Law Books Exchange Ltd, 1957.
- 8. Murphy, Sean. *Humanitarian Intervention: The United Nations in an Evolving World Order*. University of Pennsylvania Press, 1996.
- 9. Von Bernstorff, Jochen. *The Public International Law Theory of Hans Kelsen: Believing in Universal Law*. Cambridge Publications, 2010.
- 10. Bansal, V. K. Law of Extradition in India. Butterworth Publications.

PAPER 32: OPTIONAL 3 - INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW - I

Course Objectives

- To understand Concept of Intellectual Property Rights;
- To understand the International Regime on different forms of IP;
- To know and understand Indian Law relating to patent, trademarks, GI's and cyber laws.

Unit-I: Introductory Aspects and Law of Patent

Introduction, Conceptual Framework of Property and Legal Concepts, Industrial Property and Non-Industrial Property, Historical Background and Development of Intellectual Property Law, Importance of human creativity in present scenario.

Law of Patents:

Introduction and Historical Development of Patent Law in India, Meaning and Definition, Object and Salient Feature of Indian Patent Act, Procedure for obtaining patent, Types of Patent, Specification- Provisional and Complete Specification, Grounds of Opposition and Proceedings to grant patents, Patent Office and Register of Patents, Rights and Obligations of Patentee, Transfer of Patent Rights, Compulsory Licences, Government use of Patents, Revocation and Surrender of Patents, Infringement and Remedies, Offences and Penalties; Bio-tech Patents.

Unit-II: Trade Marks

Introduction and Overview of Trademark, Evolution and Development of Trademark Law, Meaning and Definition of Trademark, Object and Salient Features of Trademark Act, Different forms of Trademark, Registration of Trademark and Trademark Register, Registrable and Non-Registrable Marks, Deceptive Similarity, Assignment and Transmission, Infringement of Trademark and Passing off and Remedies, Offences and Penalties.

Unit- III: Cyber Intellectual Property

Introductory Aspects and Overview of Cyber Intellectual Property, Intellectual Property and Cyberspace, Emergence of Cyber Crime and Protection, Issues arising from Internet Platforms, Protecting different Intellectual Property Rights in E-World, Software Patent and Piracy Issues, Cyber Squatting, Domain name protection and its Registration, Data Protection in Cyberspace, E-Commerce and E-Contracts, Salient Features of Information Technology Act, Protection of IP under IT, Internet Policy of Government of India.

Unit- IV: Geographical Indications

Introductory Aspect, Overview of Geographical Indications, Meaning, Definition, Scope and Importance of GI in India, Salient Features of GI Act, Protection of GI and Misleading use, Procedure for Registration of GI, Role and Function of Registrar of GI, Right to Use GI, Conflict between Trademark and GI.

Unit- V: International Conventions and Treaties

Paris Convention: Background, Salient Features, Governing Rules

Patent Co-operation Treaty: History, Objectives Salient Features, PCT Procedure

Madrid Convention: Objectives and Salient Features, Filing International Application, Significance and Impact of Madrid Convention. World Intellectual Property Organisation: Historical Background, Salient Features, Functions, Publications and Databases .Agreement on Trade Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights (TRIPS)- Overview and Significance Doha Declaration on Public Health- Scope and Importance

- 1. Verkey, Elizabeth. Intellectual Property.
- 2. Matthan, Rahul. The Law Relating to Computers and the Internet.
- 3. Ryder, Rodney. Intellectual Property and the Internet.
- 4. Unni. Trade Mark, Design, and Cyber Property Rights.
- 5. Reddy, G. B. Intellectual Property Rights and the Law.
- 6. Ahuja, Shagun. Intellectual Property Law.
- 7. Paul, Meenu. Intellectual Property Law.
- 8. Cornish, William. Intellectual Property.
- 9. Mishra, S. N. Intellectual Property Law.
- 10. Mittal, D. P. Law of Information Technology.
- 11. Duggal, Pavan. Cyber Law: Indian Perspective.
- 12. Narayanan, P. Intellectual Property Law.

Paper 33 Insurance Law

Course Objectives

- To understand the evolution of insurance over time, and its fundamental characteristics
- To understand the principle of utmost good faith, insurable interest
- To understand the kinds of insurance and legal principles governing life insurance contracts.
- To study the legal framework governing insurance companies and intermediaries in India.

Unit 1. Introduction:

History, Definition and Nature of Insurance, Development and growth of Insurance business in India, Purpose and need (importance) of insurance Classification of Insurance.

Unit 2 Concepts and Principles of Insurance Law:

Utmost Good Faith, Insurable Interest, Indemnity, Subrogation and Contribution, Special features of Insurance Contract – Aleatory Contract, Contract of Adhesion etc., The Risk, Premium, Proximate Cause, Re-Insurance, Foreign Investment in Insurance Sector, Cyber Risk in Insurance

Unit 3. Types of Insurance:

Life Insurance; Marine Insurance; Fire Insurance; Motor vehicle Insurance;

Unit 4. Miscellaneous:

Public Liability Insurance, Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA) Act, 1999 and Regulations, Aviation Insurance Personal Accident Insurance, Travel Insurance, Property Insurance, Sports and Entertainment Insurance, Medi-claim, Agricultural Insurance, Theft and Burglary Insurance

UNIT V

Insurance Regulatory Development Authority Act, 1999 and Regulations-Insurance Surveyors, Loss Assessors, Actuaries

- 1. Myneni, Dr. S. R. Law of Insurance.
- 2. Singh, Avtar. Principles of Insurance Law. 7th ed. Wadhwa & Co., Nagpur, 2002.
- 3. Hardy Ivamy, E. R. General Principles of Insurance Laws. 6th ed. Butterworths, London, 1993.
- 4. Murthy, K. S. N., and Sharma, Dr. K. V. S. *Modern Law of Insurance in India*. 4th ed. Lexis Nexis Butterworths, New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. Baker, Tom. *Insurance Law and Policy: Cases, Materials, and Problems*. 3rd ed. Aspen Publishing, 2003.

SEMESTER VII

PAPER 34: COMPANY LAW

- To understand structure and incorporation of company
- To know recent amendments regarding disclosures, corporate governance, CSR
- To Understand the regulatory authorities NCLT, SEBI, FEMA.
- To Understand the process of winding up of the companies, the role of securities market regulator, SEBI in regulating the affairs of listed companies to ensure good corporate governance

UNIT I

Historical development of Corporate Laws in India. Company-definition and characteristics-concept of Corporate Personality, Corporate Veil, Limited Liability and Citizenship.

UNIT II

Types of companies and their Incorporation-Promoters – meaning, position, duties, rights, responsibilities and liabilities-formation of companies – procedural aspects-Memorandum of Association & Articles of Association and their alteration-Doctrine of Ultra-vires, Constructive Notice, Indoor Management, Alter ego.

UNIT III

Financial structure-capital-shares and its types, debts- debentures, prospectus- membership in a company- management and control of companies- directors- powers and duties.

UNIT IV

Accounts and audit- inspection and investigation- merger, de-merger, amalgamation, compromises and arrangements – an overview- offences and penalties, compounding of offences, winding up of companies –an overview.

UNIT V

Overview of Foreign Exchange of Management Act 1999, Overview of Competition Act 2002, Foreign Trade Policy 2015-2020; Special Economic Zones Act 2005.

- 1. Bare Act Indian Companies Act, 2013.
- 2. Singh, Dr. Avtar. Company Law. Eastern Book Company, 34 Lalbagh, Lucknow 226 001.
- 3. Datta, C. R. Datta on the Company Law. Lexis Nexis Butterworths Wadhwa, Nagpur.
- 4. Jain, D. K. *Company Law Ready Reckoner*. Bharat Law House Pvt. Ltd., T-1/95, Mangolpuri Industrial Area, Delhi-110083.

PAPER 35: PRINCIPLES OF TAXATION

Course Objectives

- To understand the taxation policy in India;
- To understand different types of Taxes, cess, fees & Charges;
- To understand the rebates & exemptions;

UNIT I

History of tax law in India - Fundamental principles relating to tax laws - Governmental financial policy- tax structure and their role in the national economy - Concept of tax - Nature and characteristics of taxes - Distinction between - Tax and fee -Tax and Cess - Direct and indirect taxes - Tax evasion and tax avoidance - Scope of taxing powers of Parliament, state Legislature and local bodies.

UNIT II

Income Tax: Basic Concepts - Income - Total income - Income not included in total income

- Deemed income Clubbing of income -Assesses Person -. Tax Planning Chargeable income
- Heads of income Salaries Income from house property Income from business or profession Capital gains Income from other sources Deductions, relief and exemptions Rate of income tax Income Tax Authorities Power and functions Offences and penal sanctions Settlement of grievances Authorities, powers and functions.

UNIT III

Concept of Goods & Service Tax (GST) – The Constitution (122nd Amendment) Act 2017. The Cental Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017 – Daual GST model taxation-GST Council – Central GST (CGST); GST levy on transaction-sale, transfer, Purchase, barter, lease, or import of goods and or services. IGST/SGST/UTGST/compensation Law to State Governments GSTN – Goods and Services Tax Network Portal; Tax Invoice, GST on Imports and Exports, benefits of GST to trade, industry, e-commerce & Service Sector and the consumer at large, Impact of GST on GDP of India and Inflation. Local Self

UNIT IV

IGST-Integrated GST (IGST) levied by the Central Governmentn; Inter-State transactions and imported goods and services-State GST (SGST); The State Goods & Service tax Law, Power of Central Government to levy tax on interstate taxable supply, Impact of GST on State revenue; Indemnifying State Revenue Loss; UTGST-Union Temitory Goods and Service Tax Law-GST Exemption on the sale and purchase of securities, Securities Transaction Tax (STT).

UNIT V

Customs Laws: Legislative background of the levy - Appointment of Customs officers- Ports-warehouses- Nature and restrictions on exports and imports- Levy, exemption and collection of customs duties, and overview of law and procedure - Clearance of goods from the port, including baggage- Goods imported or exported by post, and stores and goods intransit- Duty drawback provisions.

- 1. Sharma, Ramesh. Supreme Court on Direct Taxes. Bharath Law House, New Delhi, 1998.
- 2. Iyengar, Sampath. Law of Income Tax. Bharath Law House, New Delhi, 1998.
- 3. Diwan, B. K., and Mehttani, Sanjay. Formation, Taxation and Assessment of Charitable and Religious Trusts. Bharath Law House, New Delhi, 1999.
- 4. Kanga, K., and Palkhivala, N. A. *The Law & Practice of Income Tax*. Wadhwa, Nagpur, 1999.
- 5. Parameswaran, K. Power of Taxation under the Constitution. Eastern, Lucknow, 1987.
- 6. Ramachandran, V., and Ramakrishnan, T. A. (Eds.). A. M. Aiyar's Indian Tax Laws. Company Law Institute of India Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2000.
- 7. Bhattacharya, S., and Garg, H. R. *Handbook of Direct Taxes*. Eastern Law House, Calcutta, 1990.
- 8. Gularickar, C. A. Law & Practice of Wealth Tax & Valuation. Gularickar, Mumbai, 1998.
- 9. Mahler, Walter R. State and Exercise Taxation in India. Orient Longman, Delhi, 1970. 10. Jattel, R. V. The Central Sales Tax Act. Thripathi, Bombay, 1966.
- 11. Singh, S. D. Principles of Law of Sales Tax. Eastern, Lucknow, 1973.

PAPER 36: INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW - II

Course Objectives

- To comprehend the importance of copyrights, design protections, biodiversity laws, plant variety legislation, and farmers' rights in the contemporary world.
- To explore issues surrounding copyright protection in areas such as computer software and hardware, the internet, electronic media, music, and scientific research.
- To gain insights into international conventions and treaties related to genetic resources, biodiversity, and associated fields.

UNIT I

Indian Copyright Law: Introduction and overview of copyright: History of the concept of copyright and related rights; Nature of copyright: Salient features of Copyright Act; Subject matter of copyright; Literary work; Dramatic work; Musical works; Artistic works; Cinematographic films; Sound recordings; Term of copyright; Computer software and copyright protection; Author and ownership of copyright; Rights conferred by copyright; Assignment, transmission and relinquishment of copyright; Infringement of copyright; Remedies against infringement of copyright

UNIT II

Biological Diversity Law: Introduction and overview of Biological Diversity; Meaning and scope of Biological Diversity; Biological resources and traditional knowledge; Salient features of Biological Diversity Act; Biological Diversity concerns and issues; Bio piracy; IPR, Biosafety and Bioethics Regulation of access to Biological Diversity; National Biodiversity Authority; Functions and powers of Biodiversity Authority; State Biodiversity Board; Biodiversity Management Committee and its functions.

UNIT III

Protection of Plant Varieties and Farmers Rights Law: Legal concepts relating to the protection of plant varieties rights; Legal concepts relating to the protection of plant breeders rights; IPR in new plant varieties; Policy and objectives of protection of plant varieties and farmers rights act; Plant varieties and Farmers rights protection authority; National register of plant varieties; Procedure for registration; Rights and privileges; Benefit sharing; Compensation to communities; Compulsory licence; Relief against infringement; National Gene Fund. Plant bio diversity, bioethics & biosafety

UNIT IV

Designs Law: Introduction and overview of Designs Law; Salient features of Designs Law; Procedure for registration; Rights conferred by registration; Copyright in registered designs; Infringement; Powers and duties and Controller; Distinction between design, trade mark, copyright & patent.

UNIT V

International Treaties / Conventions on IPR: TRIPS Agreement: Background; Salient Features of TRIPS; TRIPS and Indian IPR; Berne Convention: Background; Salient features of Paris Convention; Convention of Bio-Diversity: Objectives of CBD; Salient features of CBD; International IPR agreements affecting protection of plant varieties: The WTO Doha round of trade negotiations; International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources ("ITPGR").

- 1. Narayanan. Intellectual Property Law.
- 2. Cornish, William. Intellectual Property.
- 3. Narayana, Justice P. S. Intellectual Property Law in India.
- 4. Acharya, N. K. Intellectual Property Rights.
- 5. Das, J. K. Intellectual Property Rights.
- 6. Ganguli. Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashing the Knowledge Economy.
- 7. Copinger & Skine James. Copyright.
- 8. Pal, P. Intellectual Property Rights in India.
- 9. Unni. Trade Mark, Design, and Cyber Property Rights.
- 10. Verkey, Elizabeth. Law of Plant Varieties Protection.

PAPER 37: LAND LAWS

Course Objectives

- To have comprehensive understanding of the Legal Principles, statutes, and regulations governing land use and ownership in India, particularly in Karnataka.;
- To understand the historical context and current status of land reforms in India and Karnataka, including issues of tenancy, land ceiling, and land redistribution;
- To analyze the implications of land laws on socio-economic issues, such as poverty alleviation, urbanization, and rural development
- To comprehend the recent laws (RERA);

UNIT -I

The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013- Determination of social impact and public purpose; provision to safeguard food security; notification and acquisition; rehabilitation and resettlement award and procedure.

UNIT -II

The Right to Fair Compensation and Transparency in Land Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Act, 2013–Utilisation, conversion; National Monitoring Committee; Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Resettlement Authority; apportionment of compensation and payment of compensation.

UNIT -III

The Karnataka Land Revenue Act 1964- Revenue officers and their procedure, Revenue Appellate Tribunal, Appeal and Revision, Land and land revenue, Record of rights, realisation of land revenue.

UNIT -IV

The Karnataka Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes (Prohibition of Transfer of Certain Lands)Act, 1978 and Rules 1979

The Karnataka Land Reforms Act, 1961 – general provisions regarding tenancies, conferment of ownership on tenants, ceiling on land holdings, restrictions on holding or transfer of agricultural lands, co-operative farms, fragmentation and consolidation of holdings.

UNIT -V

The Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016- registration of real estate project and registration of real estate agents, functions and duties of promoter, rights and duties of allottees, the real estate regulatory authority, the real estate appellate tribunal, offences,

penalties and adjudication.

The Karnataka Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Rules, 2017

LIST OF RECOMMENDED BOOKS/ SUGGESTED READINGS

S.G.Biradar, Land Acquisition- A Paradigm Shift, KAS Officers' Research and Training Institute, Bangalore.

Relevant Statutes and Rules.

PAPER 38: HUMAN RIGHTS LAW AND PRACTICE

- To understand the concept of human rights and the foundation on which it is based and to trace the evolution of the concept of human rights over time
- To have an understanding of the regime of International Human Rights Law
- To have a critical understanding of the human rights paradigm in India and apply the various laws to real life scenarios.
- To encourage the students to have an understanding of the theoretical and practical challenges in realization of rights and how the same affects the vulnerable categories.

UNIT - I

Jurisprudence of Human Rights; Nature, definition, origin and theories of human rights.

UNIT - II

Universal protection of human rights- United Nations and Human Rights- Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948; International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966; International Covenant Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, 1966.

UNIT - III

Regional Protection of Human rights- European system- Inter American System- System

UNIT - IV

Protection of Human Rights at national level; Human rights and the Constitution; The Protection of Human rights Act, 1993.

UNIT - V

Human Rights and Vulnerable Groups: Rights of Women, Children, Disabled, Tribals, Aged and Minorities - National and International Legal Developments.

LIST OF RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1. Meron, Theodor. Human Rights and International Law: Legal and Policy Issues. 2 Vols.
- 2. Kapoor, S. K. Human Rights Under International Law and Indian Law.
- 3. Henkin, Luis. Rights of Man Today.
- 4. Singh, Nagendra. Enforcement of Human Rights in Peace and War and the Future of Humanity.
- 5. Relevant International Instruments.
- 6. United Nations Charter, 1945.
- 7. Universal Declaration of Human Rights, 1948.
- 8. International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, 1948.
- 9. International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, 1966.

- 10. International Covenant on Economic, Social, and Cultural Rights, 1966.
- 11. Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination Against Women, 1979.
- 12. Convention on the Rights of the Child, 1989.

PAPER 39: PRIVATE INTERNATIONAL LAW

Course Objectives

- To have a comprehensive understanding of key principles and concepts in private international law, including jurisdiction, applicable law, and recognition and enforcement of foreign judgments..
- To learn to apply international treaties, conventions, and national laws relevant to private international law, such as the Hague Conventions and the Rome I and II Regulations.
- To critically analyze conflicts of law issues that arise in cross-border transactions and disputes.

Unit – I:

Introduction - Application and Subject Matter of Private International Law - Distinction with Public International Law - Characterization and Theories of Characterization - Concept of Renvoi - Application of Foreign Law - Domicile - Jurisdiction of Courts

Unit – II:

Family Law matters -. Material and Formal Validity of Marriage under Indian and English Law b. Choice of Law and Jurisdiction of Courts in Matrimonial Causes: Dissolution of Marriage, Grounds of Divorce, Restitution of Conjugal Rights, Recognition of Foreign Judgments

Unit - II:

Family Law matters -. Material and Formal Validity of Marriage under Indian and English Law b. Choice of Law and Jurisdiction of Courts in Matrimonial Causes: Dissolution of Marriage, Grounds of Divorce, Restitution of Conjugal Rights, Recognition of Foreign Judgments

Unit – III:

Adoption:-Recognition of Foreign Adoptions b. Adoption by foreign Parents, c. Jurisdiction under Indian and English Law

Unit – IV:

Indian Law relating to foreign judgment - Basis of recognition, recognition b. Finality, Failure c. Direct Execution of Foreign Decrees PSD

Unit V

The Law of Property in Private International Law -Distinction between movables and

immovable's; The law governing movables; the transfer of tangible movables; The assignment of intangibles; administration of estates; succession; both testate and intestate; matrimonial property; Trusts: The Hague Convention on the Law Applicable thereto and their Recognition

- 1. Cheshire. Private International Law. Oxford University Press, 14th ed., 2008.
- 2. Diwan, Dr. Paras. Private International Law. Deep and Deep Publication, 4th ed., 1998.
- 3. Morris. Private International Law. Sweet and Maxwell, 2012.
- 4. Jambholkar, Lakshmi. Select Essays on Private International Laws. Universal Law Publishing, 2011.
- 5. Dicey, Morris, and Collins. The Conflict of Laws. London: Sweet & Maxwell, 14th revised ed., 2008.
- 6. Cheshire, G. C., North, P. M., and Fawcett, J. J. Private International Law. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 14th ed., 2008.
- 7. Stone, Peter. EU Private International Law: Harmonisation of Laws. Cheltenham: Edward Elgar Publishing Limited, 2006.
- 8. Briggs, A., and Rees, P. Civil Jurisdiction and Judgments, 5th ed.

SEMESTER - VIII

PAPER 40 :- LAW OF EVIDENCE: BHARATIYA SAKSHYA ADHINIYAM 2023

Course Objectives

- To understand the general principles of law of evidence and differentiate the standard of proof in civil and criminal cases
- To analyse and apply the rules of relevancy to the evidences in legal disputes
- To analyse the provisions dealing with examination of witnesses and other relevant contemporary areas of evidence

Unit - I

Introduction to the Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam 2023, Objectives and Scope, Salient Features of the Legislation, Definitions, Overview of Repeals and Amendments from previous Evidence Acts, Evidence in Civil and Criminal cases, Relevancy of Facts, Facts connected with facts in issue, closely connected facts, Motive, preparation, and previous or subsequent conduct, Conspiracy and common design, when facts not otherwise relevant become relevant, *Res Gestae*, Admissions, Confessions, Admissibility, and types of admissions.

Unit II:

Statements by Persons Who Cannot be called as Witnesses, Dying Declarations, Statements made under special circumstances, How much of a statement is to be proved, Entries in books of account, public record, Relevancy of judgments, orders, or decrees, Opinions of Third Persons, Opinions of experts, Relevance of character, Facts which need not be proved, Facts judicially noticeable - Scope and application.

Unit III:

Nature and scope of Oral evidence, Documentary evidence and its types, Admissibility of electronic or digital record. Proof of Execution of Documents, Presumptions as to documents, Exclusion of oral evidence by

documentary evidence, Production and effect of Documents, Public documents and their proof, private documents and their proof.

Unit IV:

Burden of Proof and Presumptions, General concepts and specific applications, Presumptions as to certain offences, Estoppel in various legal contexts, Privileged communications and professional communication, Confidentiality and public interest immunity.

Unit V:

Witnesses and their Examination – Permissibility and Scope, Competency and compellability of witnesses Examination of witnesses, Types of examinations - Examination-in-chief, Cross-examination, Reexamination. Improper admission and rejection of evidence Repeal and Savings - effect on ongoing proceedings & THE SCHEDULE.

- 1 Ratanlal & Dhirajlal. The Law of Evidence.
- 2 Avtar Singh. Principles of the Law of Evidence.
- 3 Vepa P. Sarathi. Law of Evidence.
- 4 Peter Murphy and Richard Glover. Murphy on Evidence.
- 5 Hodge M. Malek. *Phipson on Evidence*.
- 6 Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam 2023

PAPER 41: Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, Juvenile Justice Act and Probation Of Offenders Act Course Objectives

- To understand the procedure of Criminal Courts
- To understand rights of accused & victims
- To understand different types of crimes, remedies, penal provisions etc.

Unit-1

Object and reasons of BNSS, Constitution and powers of Criminal Courts and Police Officers & Provisions relating to Maintenance of Wives, Children & Parents Object, reasons and salient features of the BNSS, Definitions: Bailable and Non-bailable offences, Cognizable and Non-cognizable offences, Investigation, Comparative study: BNSS and Cr.PC provisions, Newly added provisions of BNSS. Constitution, Classes of Criminal Courts, Powers of superior officers of police, Public Prosecutor, Asst.Public Prosecutor, Provisions relating to arrest of persons, Service of Summons, Warrant of Arrest, Proclamation and attachment provisions, search warrant Provisions relating to attachment and forfeiture of property, Search and seizure of Property, Recording of search and seizure through audio-video electronic means Attachment, forfeiture or restoration of property, attachment of property of Proclaimed offender, Security for keeping peace and good behavior, Procedures, for Order, Alteration, enforcement for maintenance of Wives, Children and Parents

Unit -2

Trial Complaint, Power of Police to make investigation, procedure for Investigation, Visit of Forensic Experts on crime Procedures scene to collect forensic evidence in certain cases, filing of report, Charge-sheet Jurisdiction of Criminal Courts in CriminalInquiries and trials, conditions requisite for initiation of Proceedings, complaint to magistrates and commencement Cases: of proceedings before Magistrate, Charge Attendance of persons confined or detained in prisons, Evidence in Maintenanc inquiries and trial

e of Public

Order &

Tranquility,

Public

Nuisance

and

procedures

for its

removal,

Power of

Magistrate

to take

action

against

public

nuisance

Preventive

action of the

police,

Persons

bound to

conform to

lawful

directions of

police,

Information

to Police

(FIR),

Criminal

UNIT-3

Trial Procedure in Criminal Cases & its General Provisions: Criminal Trials: Trial before the Court of Session, Warrant Trial; Summons Trial Cases by Magistrates – procedure, Summary Trials. Distinction: Discharge, Acquittal and Conviction Plea Bargaining, General Provisions relating to Inquiries and Trials, Person once convicted/acquitted, not to be tried for same offence, Public Prosecutors, Legal Aid to accused, Tender of Pardon to accomplice, compounding of Offences and other provisions Attendance of persons confined/detained in prisons, Evidences of Public Servants, Experts, Police officers in certain cases: Evidence not disputed, Evidence through electronic means, Evidence in Inquiries and Trials, general Provisions as to inquiries and trials, Inquiry, trial and judgment in absentia of proclaimed offender. Provisions as to accused persons of unsound mind, Provisions as to offences affecting administration of Justice, Provisions relating to judgment, Victim Compensation Scheme, Witness Protection Scheme, Submission of Death Sentence for confirmation

UNIT-4

Appeals, Reference, Revision, Transfer of Cases, Provisions Relating to Bail And Bonds and Miscellaneous Provisions Power of Police to Arrest Without Warrant: Appeal, when appeal is not permissible, Special Right to prefer appeal (Appeal in non-appealable cases) Powers of the Appellate Court, Procedure to prefer appeal Revision: Revisional Courts & their Powers Reference: purpose and significance, Distinction between Appeal, Revision and Reference Execution, Suspension, Remission and Commutation of Sentences Provisions relating to Bail and Bonds, Provisions relating to disposal of Property, Irregular Proceedings, Limitation for taking cognizance of certain offences Miscellaneous: Trial before High Courts, Rulemaking powers of High Court, other powers of High Court, Inherent Powers of High Courts, Powers to quash FIR, Criminal Complaints and Criminal Proceedings, Judicial approach and guidelines given by the Apex Court while exercising quashing powers by High Courts, Trials and proceedings to be held in electronic mode, Provisions relating to repeal and savings

UNIT 5

Juvenile delinquency - Nature and magnitude of the problem — Causes Juvenile court system -Treatment and rehabilitation of juveniles - Juveniles and adult crime, Legislative and judicial protection of juvenile offender - Juvenile Justice Act 2005Probation - Probation of offenders law - The judicial attitude - Mechanism of probation: standards of probation services - Problems and prospects of probation - The suspended sentence.

- 1 Chandrasekharan Pillai (Ed). Kelkar Lectures on Criminal Procedure. Eastern, Lucknow.
- 2 Principles, Commentaries on the Code of Criminal Procedure, 2 Vol., Universal.
- 3 Woodroffe. Commentaries on Code of Criminal Procedure, 2 Vol., Universal.
- 4 Chandrasekharan Pillai (Ed). Kelkar's Outlines of Criminal Procedure. Eastern, Lucknow.
- 5 AIR's Criminal Major Act. AIR, Nagpur.
- 6 R.V. Kelkar. Criminal Procedure. Eastern Book Co.
- 7 K. Thakkar. Criminal Procedure Code. Eastern Book Co.
- 8 S. N. Mishra. Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 with Probation of Offenders Act and Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Act, 2000. Central Law Publication.
- 9 Bhavesh Bharad & Rekha Singh. New Criminal Major Act. Supriya Publication.
- 10 A. Sen. Criminal Major Act. Bharat Publication.
- 11 Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, juvenile justice Act and Probation of Offenders Act

PAPER 42: CIVIL PROCEDURE CODE AND LIMITATION ACT

Course Objectives

- 1. To differentiate between Decree, Judgement, and order.
- 2. To classify Jurisdiction, Hierarchy, Foreign Judgement, Institution of Suit and ADR.
- 3. To compile Drafting, Pleading and Convincing in Civil Matters.
- 4. To identify Execution Process, Ex-Party Procedure, Trials and Interim Orders.

UNIT I

Introduction: Distinction between procedural law and substantive law- History of the code - extent and its application -definition; Suits: Jurisdiction of the civil courts- Kinds of jurisdiction-Bar on suits- Suits of civil nature: Sec.9; Doctrine of Res sub judice and Res judicata: Sec. 10, 11 and 12; Foreign Judgment: Sec. 13, 14; Place of Suits: Sec. 15 to 20; Transfer of Cases: Sec. 22 to 25.

UNIT II

Institution of suits and summons: Sec. 26, 0.4 and Sec. 27, 28, 31 and O.5; Interest and Costs: Sec. 34, 35, 35A, B; Pleading: Fundamental rules of pleadings- Plaint and Written Statement-Return and rejection of plaint- Defences- Set off- Counter claim; Parties to the suit: O. 1; Joinder, misjoinder and non-joinder of parties- Misjoinder of causes of action-Multifariousness

UNIT III

Appearance and examination of parties: O.9, O.18; Discovery, inspection and production of documents - O.11 & O.13; First hearing and framing of issues: O.10 and O.14; Admission and affidavit: O.12 and O.19; Adjournment: O.17; Death, marriage-Insolvency of the parties: O.22; Withdrawal and compromise of suits: O.23; Judgment and Decree: O.20; Execution: Sec. 30 to 74, O.21; General principal of execution- Power of executing court-Transfer of decrees for execution- Mode of execution- a) Arrest and detention, b) Attachment, c) Sale.

UNIT IV

Suits in particular cases; Suits by or against Governments: Sec. 79 to 82, O.27; Suits by aliens and by or against foreign rulers, ambassadors: Sec. 85 to 87; Suits relating to public matters: Sec. 91 to 93; Suits by or against firms: O.30; Suits by or against minors and unsound persons: O.32; Suits by indigent persons: O.33; Inter-pleader suits: Sec. 88, O.35; Interim Orders; Commissions: Sec. 75, O.26; Arrest before judgment and attachments before judgment: O.38; Temporary injunctions: O.39; Appointment of receivers: O.40; Appeals- Appeals from original decree-Appeals from appellate decree – Appeals from orders-General provisions relating to appeal – Appeals to the Supreme Court: Ss. 90 to 109, O.41, 42, 43, 45; Reference- Review and Revision: Ss. 113, 114, 115, O.46, O.46; Caveat: Sec. 144.A - Inherent powers of the court: Ss. 148, 149, 151.

UNIT V

The Limitation Act 1963- Introduction; Limitations of Suits, Appeals and Applications; computation of period of limitation; acquisition of ownership by possession; savings(Miscellaneous Provisions)

- 1 Mulla. Civil Procedure Code.
- 2 Sanjiwa Rao. Civil Procedure Code.
- 3 Karnataka Civil Rules of Practice Bare Act.
- 4 P. M. Bakshi. Civil Procedure Code.
- 5 C. K. Takwani. Civil Procedure Code

PAPER 43: LABOUR LAW - I

Course Objectives

- To create Awareness about entitlement of workers under various Labour Laws.
- To equip the Students to hone the skills of lawyering in Industrial Disputes
- To understand appreciate the importance of Labour Rights
- To make students understand the importance of good and congenial employer employee relations

UNIT I

Labour through the ages - slave labour - guild system -division on caste basis — labour during feudal days. Colonial labour law and policy -Labour capital conflicts: exploitation of labour, profit motive, poor bargaining power, poor working conditions, unorganised labour, bonded labour, surplus labour, division of labour and super-specialization - lack of alternative employment. - Theories of labour and surplus value - From laissez faire to welfarism and to globalisation: transition from exploitation to protection and from contract to status: changing perspectives on labour. Constitutional provisions for protection of workers' interest. New Labour Codes: Philosophy and important changes

UNIT II

Labour movement as a counter measure to exploitation - history of trade union movement in India. - Right to trade union as part of human right to freedom of association - international norms and the Indian Constitution. Trade Unions Act, 1926 (Chapter III, Industrial Relations Code, 2020) - Legal control and protection of trade union: registration, amalgamation, rights, immunities, liabilities and dissolution. Problems: multiplicity of unions, over politicization – intra -union and inter-union rivalry, outside leadership, closed shop and union- shop, recognition of unions (Negotiating Union or Council)

UNIT III

Industrial relations law: Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (With appropriate provisions of the Industrial Relations Code, 2020): Definitions- Workman, Industry, Industrial Dispute (Chapter I, Industrial Relations Code, 2020); Dispute Resolution: –Role of appropriate government in dispute settlement; types of industrial disputes – individual v. collective disputes – machinery for settlement of industrial disputes – Voluntary Arbitration, Collective bargaining and Conciliation (Chapter VI and VII, Industrial Relations Code, 2020); Regulating strikes and lockouts (Chapter VIII,

Industrial Relations Code, 2020); Retrenchment, lay-off, lock-out and transfer of establishment procedures (Chapter IX and X, Industrial Relations Code, 2020);

UNIT IV

Industrial Employment (Standing Orders) Act, 1946 (With appropriate provisions of the Industrial Relations Code, 2020): Approval and Certification (Chapter IV, Industrial Relations Code, 2020). Misconducts, the right to defend - domestic enquiry, notice, evidence, cross-examination, representation, unbiased inquiry officer and reasoned decision.- Fairness in disciplinary process - Punishment for Misconduct - Meaning of Misconduct - The Right to Know: The Charge Sheet.

UNIT V

Unfair Labour Practices- Doctrine of Hire and Fire - History of Management's Prerogative. Labour welfare, Public Interest, Productivity, Industrial Peace, Development. Globalization and its Impact on Workers Rights. Problems of inter-state migrant workers – overseas laborers, workers in the IT sector; Provisions in the Social Security Code, 2020.

- 1 John Bowers and Simon Honeyball. Textbook on Labour Law (1996), Blackstone, London.
- 2 Srivastava, K.D. Commentaries on Payment of Wages Act 1936 (1998), Eastern, Lucknow.
- 3 Srivastava, K.D. Commentaries on Minimum Wages Act 1948 (1995), Eastern, Lucknow.
- 4 Rao, S.B. Law and Practice on Minimum Wages (1999), Law Publishing House, Allahabad.
- 5 Seth, D. D. Commentaries on Industrial Disputes Act 1947 (1998), Law Publishing House, Allahabad.
- 6 Srivastava, K.D. Disciplinary Action against Industrial Employees and Its Remedies (1990), Eastern, Lucknow.
- 7 Srivastava, K.D. Commentaries on Factories Act 1948 (2000), Eastern, Lucknow.
- 8 R.C. Saxena. Labour Problems and Social Welfare, Chapters 1, 5, and 6 (1974).
- 9 V.V. Giri. Labour Problems in Indian Industry, Chapters 1 and 15 (1972).
- 10 Indian Law Institute. Labour Law and Labour Relations (1987).
- 11 Report of the National Commission on Labour, Chapters 14-17, 22, 23, and 24.
- 12 O.P. Malhotra. *The Law of Industrial Disputes* (1998), Universal, Delhi.
- 13 S.C. Srivastava. Social Security and Labour Laws, Parts 5 and 6 (1985), Universal, Delhi.
- 14 S.C. Srivastava. Commentary on the Factories Act 1948 (1999), Universal, Delhi
- 15 LabourLawCodes201

PAPER 44: LAW RELATING TO MEDICINES AND PUBLIC HEALTH

Course Objectives

- To demonstrate a clear understanding of the laws and regulations governing medicines, public health, and healthcare systems in India and globally.
- To analyze the legal provisions related to drug manufacture, approval, distribution, and sale under the Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940, and related regulations.
- To study upon Landmark judgments shaping the interpretation and implementation of laws on medicines, public health, and medical negligence.

UNIT I

Introduction- General Background- Interrelationship between law and medicine- Issues Involved-Need of Legal Control- Constitutional Perspectives- Fundamental Rights- Right to Health-Essential Elements of Right to Health -availability, accessibility, acceptability, and quality; Directive Principles of State Policies; Legislative Power of Centre and State on Health Issues (Art.246 read with VII Schedule); International Recognition -WHO and Health

UNIT II

Medical and paramedical Profession in India- Regulations and Controls on Institutions-Medical Council of India- Regulations under Indian Nursing Council Act- Duties of Doctors/Physician- Liability for Professional Negligence. Regulations on Manufacture, Storage and Sale of Drugs; Drugs and Cosmetics Act- Regulations on Manufacture, storage and sale- Drugs and Magic Remedies (Objectionable Advertisements) Act, 1954.

UNIT III

Science and Technology- Transplantation of Organs- Test Tube Babies- Artificial Inseminations - The Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act 1971 and Rules- Amniocentesis - The Pre-Natal Diagnostic Techniques (PNDT) Act and Rules,- Law on AIDS- Experimentation on Human Beings- International Norms. Law on Surrogacy. Law on Bio ethics & Gene editing, Regulations, Challenges, & Recent Trends.

UNIT IV

Medical Jurisprudence-Forensic Medicine; Deaths- Medico-legal autopsies- Mechanical injuries or wounds- Biological fluids- Medical certification and medico-legal reports including dying declaration.

UNIT V

Public Health- Impediments to Public Health; Food Safety and Standards Regulations, Law on Mental Health-National Health Policies and plans in India-Health Insurance. Health Care Law and Bioethics

- 1 Austen Garwood-Cowers. Living Donor Organ Transplantation: Key Legal and Ethical Issues (1999), Dartmonth Publishing Company, England.
- 2 S.V. Jogarao. Current Issues in Criminal Justice and Medical Law (1999), Eastern, Calcutta.
- 3 Jonathan Montgomery. Health Care Law (1997), Oxford.
- 4 Carol Levine. *Taking Sides: Clashing Views on Controversial Bioethical Issues* (1984), Dushkin Publishing Group, Inc., Connecticut.
- 5 Malcolm Khan and Michelle Robson. *Medical Negligence* (1997), Cavendish Publishing Limited, London.
- 6 Edward P. Richards and Katharine C. Rathbun. *Medical Care Law* (1999), Aspen Publishers, Maryland.
- 7 R.K. Bag. Law of Medical Negligence and Compensation (1996), Eastern Law House, Calcutta.
- 8 R.K. Nayak (ed.), *The Indian Law Institute, Global Health Law* (1998), World Health Organization, Regional Office for South-East Asia, New Delhi.
- 9 Mason and McCall Smith. Law and Medical Ethics (1991), Butterworths, London.
- 10 Anoop K. Kaushal. Medical Negligence and Legal Remedies with Special Reference to Consumer Protection Act (1999), Universal.
- 11 Dr. Nanditha Adhikari. *Law and Medicine*, Fourth Edition (2015), Central Law Publications, Darbhanga Castle, Allahabad.
- 12 Dr. Lily Srivatava. *Law and Medicine*, Second Edition (2013), Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 13 Surendra Malik & Sudeep Malik. Supreme Court on Drugs, Medical Laws and Medical Negligence (2014), Eastern Book Company, New Delhi.
- 14 Bhatnagar's. A Treatise on Food Laws in India, Sixth Edition, Ashoka Law House, New Delhi.
- 15 M.S. Bhatt. Poverty and Food Security in India: Problems and Policies (2004), Aakar Books, New Delhi.
- 16 Venkateswara Rao Yetukuri. Commentary on Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 (2010-11), Asia Law House, 1st Edition.
- 17 Lawrence Gostin. *Principles of Mental Health Law and Policy* (2010), Oxford University Press

PAPER 45: LOCAL SELF GOVERNMENT LAWS.

Course Objectives

- To understand the 3rd tier of the government
- To know about the decentralization of powers of the government
- To know the importance of 73rd and 74th amendment of the Constitution.

Unit I

Local Government: Evolution, Meaning, Features and Significance.-village panchayats in ancient India- Gandhiji's idea of village panchayats-various committee reports.

Unit II

Urban Local Bodies: Municipal Corporation, Municipal Council and Municipal Committeestheir Meaning Features, Role and Significance.

Unit III

Panchayat raj institutions-The nature and scope of Article 40 - 73rd and 74th Constitution Amendment Act, Constitutional Assembly Debates on Panchayath Raj.

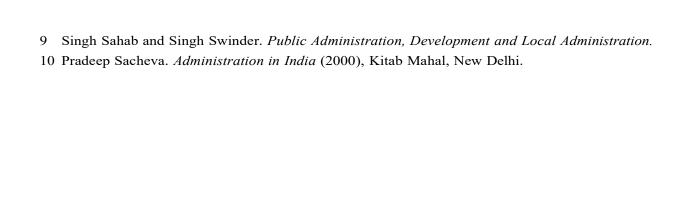
Unit IV

Panchayati Raj Institutions: Composition, Functions, Sources of Income of Gram Panchayats, Panchayat Samiti and Zila Parishads. District Planning Committee:

Unit V

Statutory Authorities under local governance system---State Finance Commission. State Election Commission-governmental and judicial control over panchayat raj institutions-Tribunals ombudsman-audit, Gram Nyayalaya Schemes implemented by Grama Panchayat as notified by the Union Government – Suvarna Grama Yojana, MNREGA, PMGSY.

- 1 Radha Kumud Mukherjee. Local Government in Ancient India.
- 2 Avasthi A. (Ed.). Municipal Administration in India (1972).
- 3 Lakshmi Narayan Agarwal Bhattacharya, B. Urban Development in India (1979).
- 4 M.K. Gandhi. Panchayati Raj (1959), Navjeevan.
- 5 Jain, S.P. (ed.). Panchayati Raj Institutions in India: An Appraisal (1995).
- 6 Venkatarangaiya. Local Government in India.
- 7 Puri, K.K. Local Government in India (1985), Bharat Prakashan, Jalandhar.
- 8 Puri, V.K. Local Government and Administration (2005).



SEMESTER IX

PAPER 46: LABOUR LAW - II

Course Objectives

- To introduce students with the concept of social security for workers.
- To familiarize students with the major features of the legislative regimes dealing with employment-based social security in India.
- To introduce students the law regulating, minimum wages, payment of wages and bonus in India.
- To provide an overview of the laws governing occupational health, safety and decent conditions at work.
- To enable students to appreciate and critically evaluate the changes introduced by the Labour Code.

UNIT I

Law relating to working conditions – Factories Act, 1948, Definitions – formalities and requirements to start a factory – health safety and welfare measures. Provisions for hazardous process. Working hours – regulation of working of women and children.

UNIT II

Wages – Concepts – Minimum wage, fair wage etc., - Minimum wages act, 1948 – Constitutional Validity – procedure for fixing minimum wage. Payment of Wages Act, 1936 – time and mode of payment if wages – authorized deductions.

UNIT III

Social security for workers - Employees Compensation Act, 1923 – Definitions. Accident and Compensation – Notional extension of time and place of work, accident arising out and in the course of employment. Liability to pay compensation – occupational diseases. Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948 –ESI Corporation, funds. Benefits under the act – adjudication of disputes. Maternity Benefit Act, 1951 and Employees Provident Fund, 1952 – Main features.

UNIT IV

Payment of Bonus Act – History, Bonus Commission, definitions. Eligibility and extent of bonus, inspector powers and duties. Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972 – Definitions, Eligibility of payment of gratuity.

UNIT V

Vulnerable workers – Child labour and the law, contract labour and regulation of their employment, Domestic workers – need for regulation. Social economic problems of vulnerable workers including women.

- 1 John Bowers and Simon Honeyball, *Textbook on Labour Law* (1996), Blackstone, London.
- 2 Srivastava, K.D., Commentaries on Payment of Wages Act 1936 (1998), Eastern, Lucknow.
- 3 Srivastava, K.D., Commentaries on Minimum Wages Act 1948 (1995), Eastern, Lucknow.
- 4 Rao, S.B., Law and Practice on Minimum Wages (1999), Law Publishing House, Allahabad.
- 5 Seth, D.D., Commentaries on Industrial Disputes Act 1947 (1998), Law Publishing House, Allahabad.
- 6 Srivastava, K.D., Disciplinary Action against Industrial Employees and Its Remedies (1990), Eastern, Lucknow.
- 7 Srivastava, K.D., Commentaries on Factories Act 1948 (2000), Eastern, Lucknow.
- 8 R.C. Saxena, Labour Problems and Social Welfare, Chapters 1, 5, and 6 (1974).
- 9 V.V. Giri, Labour Problems in Indian Industry, Chapters 1 and 15 (1972).
- 10 Indian Law Institute, Labour Law and Labour Relations (1987).
- 11 Report of the National Commission on Labour, Chapters 14–17, 22, 23, and 24.
- 12 O.P. Malhotra, The Law of Industrial Disputes (1998), Universal, Delhi.
- 13 S.C. Srivastava, Social Security and Labour Laws, Parts 5 and 6 (1985), Universal, Delhi.
- 14 S.C. Srivastava, Commentary on the Factories Act 1948 (1999), Universal, Delhi.

PAPER 47: RIGHT TO INFORMATION

Course Objectives

- To Demonstrate a clear understanding of the Right to Information Act, 2005, its objectives, scope, and significance in promoting transparency and accountability.
- To Explain the concept of the right to information as a fundamental right under Article 19(1)(a) of the Constitution and its importance in a democratic society.
- To Examine landmark judgments and case laws that have contributed to the interpretation and implementation of the RTI Act.

UNIT-I

Right to Information before Right to Information Act, 2005; Significance in democracy; Constitutional basis; Supreme Court on right to information.

UNIT-II

RTI Act- definitions; Right to information and obligations of public authorities.

UNIT-III

Central information commission; State information commission; Powers and functions of information commissions; Appeals and penalties.

UNIT-IV

Other related laws - The Official Secrets Act, 1923; The Public Records Act, 1993; The Public Records Rules, 1997; The Freedom of Information Act, 2002; The Commission of Inquiry Act, 1952; The Commission of Inquiry (Central) Rules, 1972.

UNIT-V

Best practices- A study of decisions rendered by state commissions and central Commission in the following areas of – Police, Revenue, PWD, Irrigation, Secretariat, BSNL, Posts and Telegraphs, Scheduled Banks, CPWD, Income Tax Department, Central Excise Department, Local Authorities.

LIST OF RECOMMENDED BOOKS

- 1 J.H. Barowalia. Commentary on the Right to Information Act.
- 2 J.N. Barowalia. Commentary on the Right to Information Act.
- 3 S.V. Joga Rao. Law Relating to Right to Information, Vol. 1.

PAPER 48: WHITE COLLAR CRIMES

Course Objectives

- To understand the concept of white collar crimes and different between white collar crimes and traditional crimes.
- To assess critically cause, motivation and impact of white collar crimes on society.
- To analyze and critique the legal frameworks, statutes and regulatory mechanisms designed to prevent and address white collar crimes.

UNIT - I

Introduction - Concept of white collar crime - Definition of White-Collar Crime, Indian approaches to socio-economic offences- forms of privileged class deviance -professional deviance, trade union deviants, land law deviance, upper class deviance, police deviance, and gender based deviance, deviance by religious leaders and organizations.

UNIT – **II** - Official deviance (Legislators, judges and bureaucrats), Prevention of Corruption Act. 1988.

UNIT – **III** -Police and politicians' deviance; N.N.Vorha Committee Report; Lokpal and Lokayukta institutions.

UNIT - IV

Professional deviance; Medical profession - The Lentin Commission Report; Legal profession

Opinions of Disciplinary Committee of Bar Council of India. Financial Crimes in Health Care,
 Corporate Violence: Environmental, Workplace and Manufacturing Offenses.

UNIT - V

Gender based deviance – Offences against Women & children – Sexual Harassment, Offences against scheduled castes and scheduled tribes – Control.

- 1 Edwin H. Sutherland. Criminology.
- 2 Ahmad Siddique. Criminology.
- 3 Upendra Baxi. The Crisis of Indian Legal System.
- 4 Upendra Baxi. Law and Poverty.
- 5 Upendra Baxi. Liberty and Corruption.
- 6 A.R. Desai. Violation of Democratic Rights in India

PAPER 49: INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY & RELATED OFFENCES

Course Objectives

- To understand Cyber Space, Cyber Crime, Cyber Laws, Information Technology, Internet, Internet Services
- To analysis Legal Aspects of Regulation concerned with Cyber Space, Technology and Forms of Cyber Crimes
- To examine Computer Crimes and Cyber Crimes, Cyber Crime in Global and Indian Response.
- To evaluate Criminal Liability, Cyber Crime implications and challenges

Unit-I

Concept of Information Technology and Cyber Space- Interface of Technology and Law - Jurisdiction in Cyber Space and Jurisdiction in traditional sense - Internet Jurisdiction - Indian Context of Jurisdiction - Enforcement agencies - International position of Internet Jurisdiction-Cases in Cyber Jurisdiction

Unit-II

Information Technology Act, 2000 - Aims and Objects — Overview of the Act – Jurisdiction-Electronic Governance – Legal Recognition of Electronic Records and Electronic Evidence-Digital Signature Certificates - Securing Electronic records and secure digital signatures - Duties of Subscribers - Role of Certifying Authorities - Regulators under the Act -The Cyber Regulations Appellate Tribunal - Internet Service Providers and their Liability – Powers of Police under the Act – Impact of the Act on other Laws.

Unit-III

E-Commerce - UNCITRAL Model - Legal aspects of E-Commerce - Digital Signatures - Technical and Legal issues - E-Commerce, Trends and Prospects - E-taxation, E-banking, online publishing and online credit card payment - Employment Contracts - Contractor Agreements, Sales, Re-Seller and Distributor Agreements, NonDisclosure Agreements-Shrink Wrap Contract, Source Code, Escrow Agreements etc.

Unit-IV

Introduction to Artificial Intelligence., Introduction to machine learning History of Artificial Intelligence Legal trends in the AI industry ,Introduction to Block Chain Technology Definition and Key Characteristics; Origin and Development of Blockchain; Cryptography and Consensus Mechanisms; Smart Contracts & Block chain Technology, Scope of Blockchain Technology Use Cases of Blockchain in Law

Unit-V

Cyber Crimes -Meaning of Cyber Crimes -Different Kinds of Cyber crimes - Cyber crimes under IPC, Cr.P.C and Indian Evidence Law - Cyber crimes under the Information Technology Act,2000 - Cyber crimes under International Law - Hacking Child Pornography, Cyber Stalking, Denial of service Attack, Virus Dissemination, Software Piracy, Internet Relay Chat (IRC) Crime, Credit Card Fraud, Net Extortion, Phishing etc - Cyber Terrorism - Violation of Privacy on Internet - Data Protection and Privacy

- 1 Kamlesh N. & Murali D. Tiwari (Ed). IT and Indian Legal System. Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2 K.L. James. The Internet: A User's Guide (2003). Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- 3 Chris Reed. *Internet Law Text and Materials*, 2nd Edition, 2005. Universal Law Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- 4 Vakul Sharma. Handbook of Cyber Laws. Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi.
- 5 S.V. Joga Rao. Computer Contract & IT Laws (in 2 Volumes), 2005. Prolific Law Publications, New Delhi.
- 6 T. Ramappa. Legal Issues in Electronic Commerce. Macmillan India Ltd, New Delhi.
- 7 Indian Law Institute. Legal Dimensions of Cyber Space, New Delhi.
- 8 Pankaj Jain & Sangeet Rai Pandey. Copyright and Trademark Laws relating to Computers. Eastern Book Co, New Delhi.
- 9 Farouq Ahmed. Cyber Law in India.
- 10 S.V. Joga Rao. Law of Cyber Crimes and Information Technology Law, 200. Wadhwa & Co, Nagpur.

SEMESTER X

PAPER 50: CLINICAL COURSE PAPER 1: DRAFTING, PLEADING ANDCONVEYANCING

Course Objectives

- To Analyze and apply general principles of drafting and conveyancing.
- To Use effective writing techniques to draft different types of legal documents
- To inculcate the skill of drafting and pleading.

This paper will be taught through class instructions and simulation exercises, preferably with assistance of practicing lawyers/retired judges. Apart from teaching the relevant provisions of Law, the course will include 15 exercise in drafting carrying a total of 45 marks and 15 exercises in Conveyancing carrying another 45 marks (3 marks for each exercise).

(a) **DRAFTING:** General principles of drafting and relevant substantive rules shall be taught.

(b) **PLEADINGS**:

Civil: (i) Plaint, (ii) Written Statement, (iii) Interlocutory application, (iv) Original petition (v) Affidavit, (vi) execution petition and (vii) memorandum of appeal and revision (viii) petition under Article 226 and 32 of the Constitution of India. Criminal:

(i) Complaints, (ii) Criminal Miscellaneous Petition (iii) Bail Application and(iv) Memorandum of Appeal and Revision.

C) CONVEYANCING:

(i) Sale Deed (ii) Mortgage Deed (iii) Lease Deed (iv) Gift Deed (v) Promissory Note (vi) Power of Attorney (vii) Will (viii) Trust deed Drafting of Writ Petition and PIL petition.

Ten marks will be given in a viva-voce examination which would be conducted at the end of academic year which will test the understanding of legal practice in relation to Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing.

PAPER 51: CLINICAL COURSE PAPER 2: PROFESSIONAL ETHICS AND ACCOUNTINGSYSTEM

Course Objectives

- To know about professional ethics and etiquette of an advocate
- To analyze the Advocates Act, 1961
- To know various disciplinary actions and its procedures

Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bar-Bench Relations

This course will be taught in association with practicing lawyers on the basis of the following materials:

LIST OF RECOMMENDED BOOKS/ SUGGESTED READINGS

- 1. Mr. Krishnamurthy Iyer's book on 'Advocacy'
- 2. The Contempt Law and Practice
- 3. The Bar Council Code of Ethics
- 4. 50 selected opinions of the Disciplinary Committees of Bar Councils and 10 major judgments of the Supreme Court on the said subject
- 5. Other reading materials as may be prescribed by the University
- 6. Examination shall include assessment through case study, viva and periodical problem solution besides the written tests. The written examination on this paper will have 80marks and the viva voce will carry 20 marks.
- 7. In lieu of the written examination, colleges may be encouraged wherever they are expected to research and write persuasive memorandum on topics identified in the above subjects.

PAPER 52: CLINICAL COURSE PAPER 3: ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION

Course Objectives

- To explain the concept, importance, and scope of Alternative Dispute Resolution as a complement to the traditional judicial system.
- To enhance practical skills such as negotiation, active listening, and drafting of ADR-related agreements.
- To study landmark judgments that have shaped the development and practice of ADR in India and globally
- To understand the process of arbitration, including the appointment of arbitrators, the conduct of arbitral proceedings, and the enforcement of arbitral awards.
 - 1. Negotiation skills to be learnt with simulated program

Conciliation skills

- 2. Arbitration law and practice including international arbitration and arbitration rules
- 3. The course is required to be conducted by senior legal practitioners through simulation and case studies. Evaluation may also be conducted in practical exercises at least for a significant part of the evaluation.
- 4. Evaluation will be made for 100marks.

PAPER 53: CLINICAL COURSE PAPER 4: MOOT COURT, PRE-TRIAL PREPARATIONSAND PARTICIPATION IN TRIAL PROCEEDINGS

Course Objectives

- To Understand the concept, purpose, and significance of moot court exercises and their role in developing advocacy skills.
- To Develop proficiency in identifying and analyzing legal issues through comprehensive research of statutes, case laws, and secondary sources.
- To Acquire skills to draft pleadings, memorials, affidavits, and written submissions in line with procedural and substantive legal requirements.
- To emphasize on experiential learning, preparing students to confidently handle legal challenges in academic and professional settings.

This paper will have three components of 30 marks each and a viva for 10 marks.

- (a) Moot court (30 Marks): Every student will do at least three moot courts in a year with 10 marks for each. The moot court work will be on assigned problems and it will be evaluated for 5 marks for written submissions and 5 marks for oral advocacy.
- (b) Observance of Trial in Two cases, one civil and one criminal (30 marks): Students will
- (c) attend two trials in the course of the last 2 or 3 years of LL.B. studies. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court assignment. This scheme will carry 30 marks.
- (d) Interviewing techniques and pre-trial Preparations (30 marks): Each student willobserve two interviewing sessions of clients at the lawyer's Office/Legal Aid Office and record the proceedings in a diary which will carry 15 marks. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the advocate and the procedure for the filing of the suit/petition. This will be recorded in the diary which will carry 15 marks.
- (e) The fourth component of this paper will be Viva-voce examination on all the above three aspects. This will carry 10 marks.